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VOL. LXXII.---NO. 136 VICTORIA BRITISH COLUMBIA FRIDAY NOVEMBER 16 1894. THIRTY-SIXTH YEAR.

Sometimes a man gets tired
Of reading the same old thing;
Of reading the same old chestnut
And jokes with the same old ring.

Then let him read about a new ring; or, perhaps he wants a Watch. The best place for him to go if he wants a bargain is

CHALLONER & MITCHELL'S,
47 GOVERNMENT STREET.

1894 PACK

TOMATOES, PEAS AND
CORN, BEANS.

HUDSON'S BAY CO
WHARF STREET, VICTORIA.

JUST ARRIVED.

400 CASES FRESH EGGS.
360 CASES LIMED EGGS.
NEW LABRADOR HERRINGS
In Barrels and Half Barrels.
GENUINE EASTERN CODFISH
In 2-Pound Blocks.

SIMON LEISER & CO.
oc18

AUSTRALIAN RABBITS AND
PER S.S. MIOWERA. CHOICE MUTTON
FROM THE WELL KNOWN CROOUGAL STATIONS.
APPLY
B. C. Cold Storage Co., Store Street, Victoria.
oc17

HOUSEHOLD COAL.

TO THE PUBLIC.

HAVING been appointed Sole Agent for the New Vancouver Coal Co., I take pleasure in announcing that the analysis of the Protection Island Coal has proved that it contains the largest amount of fixed carbon and the lightest percentage of ash, which thus entitles it to rank as one of the most economical Household Fuels on the Victoria market. As our patrons have always received the full weight of 2000 pounds, it is unnecessary for us to advertise a guarantee of good faith.

C. J. V. SPRATT.
oc27-1m

NINE TIMES OUT OF TEN

Colds are the result of wet feet. We can keep your feet dry and warm at a little expense and save you a doctor's bill. There are Cork-soled Boots, K Boots Ladies' Leggings, and other articles at our store, all intended to keep the feet comfortable.

A. B. ERSKINE, CORNER GOVERNMENT AND JOHNSON STS.

REINDEER BRAND
CONDENSED MILK.
EVAPORATED CREAM
DIPLOMAS
AWARDED AT
Intercolonial Exhibition, London, Eng., 1886.
Jamaica International Exhibition, 1891.
Toronto Industrial Exhibition.
St. John, N.B., Exhibition.

THE TRURO CONDENSED MILK & CANNING CO., TRURO, N.S.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

WANTED—By highly respectable English person, a situation to do light house work and sewing; thoroughly reliable. Address C.B., Colonist office. no16-1t

WANTED—Respectable and willing boy; board and $5 monthly. K., Colonist office no16 2t

WANTED—PARTNER—Mining and real estate business; capital required, $3,000 and upwards. Apply by letter to W. A. Jowett, Colonist office. no16

FOR SALE—A good piano, cheap. Address Piano, Colonist office. no16-2t

FOR SALE BY TENDER—The furniture, stock, license and lease of the Windsor Hotel. For particulars apply on the premises. no16-1t

LOST—On Thursday afternoon, purse containing about $24, between Beacon Hill, Dallas Hotel and city. Finder will be rewarded on leaving same at this office. no16-3t

LOST—A black retriever, "Jack," from 72 Frederick street. Finder please return. no15 2t

WE WILL FILL
Your prescriptions accurately with the purest drugs at most reasonable prices.
COCHRANE & MUNN,
PRESCRIPTION DRUGGISTS,
Cor. Yates and Douglas Sts.

FARM FOR SALE,
Containing 100 acres, situate near Sidney; 50 acres improved; dwelling house and outbuildings; good orchard. For particulars apply to Henry Brethour, Sidney, V.I. no16-d&w-1m

IN POUND.
One dark brown or black horse; star on fore head; one white hind foot; blotched brand on hip. Will be sold at City Pound by auction, on Monday, November 19, at 12 o'clock, if not redeemed and pound charges paid on or before that date.
ANDREW SHAW,
no15-td Poundkeeper.

LETT'S
OFFICE DIARIES,
Canadian Office Diaries
.....And a very large assortment of.....
ARTIST - MATERIAL
....Just received by....
T. N. HIBBEN & CO.

FOR MONUMENTS
Head Stones and all kinds of Cemetery Work. The largest stock in the Province to select from. Do not buy from designs, which are deceiving. Address or call on
J. E. PHILLIPS,
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$15
10 Vols.—a Complete Set—Bound in Sheep—A magnificent edition of the Revised and Amended . . . .
ENCYCLOPÆDIA BRITANNICA
Only a few sets left. Call and see samples at THE COLONIST OFFICE .

THE SARDINIAN BRIGANDS.

A Sensation Caused by the Outrages Perpetrated by the Miscreants—Troops Ordered Out.

ROME, Nov. 15.—Additional details of the raid on Tortoli, Sardinia, were received to-day. In the fight with the townsmen the brigands wounded 30 men. They held possession of the town for hours without encountering serious opposition, plundering shops and houses, and maltreating several citizens. They did not leave the town until they collected coins, gold and jewels valued at 200,000 lire. They fired six volleys as they marched away, probably to intimidate all who might think of pursuing them. They carried with them their five wounded, one of whom was dying. They started on the road to Nuoro, but the commander of the troops summoned from Cagliari regarded this as a mere feint and sent his men out in all directions. One party of soldiers found a headless body, evidently that of the brigand who was dying when the band left Tortoli, and his head is supposed to have been taken to prevent identification. In Cagliari it is said that the brigands were not professional murderers, but were residents of the Tortoli district. Five men of Tortoli have been arrested on suspicion that they were in collusion with the band. The whole country is greatly excited as more raids are feared. Troops have been ordered to Sardinia from Civit, Vecchia and Leghorn. The news of the raid has been published here as a sensation, although as yet nothing has been learned to show that the brigands had any other motive than robbery.

CHESSMASTERS' TOURNAMENT.

A. Steinitz Wins the First Prize, Albin Second.

NEW YORK, Nov. 15.—The chessmasters' tournament came to a close here to-day. A. Steinitz won the first prize and A. Albin second; N. Hymes and J. W. Showalter divided the third and fourth prizes.

SPECIAL facilities for making blank books. R. T. Williams & Co., 28 Broad street. *

Drink Victoria-Phœnix Lager Beer.

EUROPEAN UNSETTLEMENT.

The Course of Kaiser Wilhelm Causes Diplomats to Wonder What's Coming.

Indications of Russian Friendliness Being Aroused for England.

ST. PETERSBURG, Nov. 15.—The Czar's constant and marked attentions to the Prince of Wales have been much noticed, and are thought to prelude closer relations between England and Russia. The Prince of Wales and the Duke of York had a grand reception at the Anitchkoff palace, this afternoon. All the generals and staff officers now in St. Petersburg went, ablaze with their medals and orders. The gorgeousness of the scene was hardly dimmed by the signs of mourning. The Grand Dukes assisted at the reception and most of them signed the Prince of Wales' visiting book.

The Czar, the Princess Alix of Hesse, the Grand Dukes, the Prince of Wales and the British and German embassies were at the station to-day to receive the Duke of York, the Duke of Saxe-Coburg Gotha and the Princess Irene, wife of Prince Henry of Prussia. The Czar received the Duke of York, who is an old friend, most cordially. Most of the time of the court every day is occupied with the reception of royal visitors.

LONDON, Nov. 15.—The Vienna correspondent of the Standard sends a dispatch to-night concerning the position of Germany in Europe and the relations of the Triple Alliance to England, in the latter case basing his observations on Lord Rosebery's allusions to Russia in his Guildhall speech. The impression that England is tending towards a rapprochement with France and Russia and an estrangement from the Triple Alliance, he says, causes uneasiness and regret, which are reflected in the Vienna papers.

Commenting on this despatch, the Standard says: "Is Germany taking the place so long occupied by France, as the isolated power of Europe? The events of the last few weeks undoubtedly strengthen the impression that Emperor William's recent policy has not tended to increase the number of his friends, or the sense of security felt by his allies. Austria recognizes the need of England's support even to the maintenance of the Triple alliance. She also perceives Emperor William's scarcely veiled hostility to England in matters in which she and Germany are jointly interested."

The Standard discusses the overthrow of Bismarck and Caprivi, remarking that the latter's fall is still unexplained. "It is not unnatural," says the writer, "that some persons conclude that Caprivi's retirement was due to the waywardness of the Emperor. The people feel that the crown itself is the centre and cause of the changes to which Germany and her friends are subjected without adequate apparent reason. Germany's foreign policy at this moment is quite as inexplicable as her domestic policy, and a matter of far greater anxiety. When she knew her own mind a sense of security was the result. This is not so now."

ALEXANDER'S FATAL DISEASE.

Professor Zacharin's Account of the Malady—The Late Czar Objected to Much Mourning.

ST. PETERSBURG, Nov. 15.—The Moscow Gazette publishes to-day a long letter from Professor Zacharin, giving a full account of Alexander III's fatal disease and the contributing causes.

The weather is clear and cold. A large number of royal personages have arrived from different parts of Europe to attend the obsequies of the late Czar. Lines of people are constantly surging into the cathedral to look into the face of the dead Emperor. Recent rains spoiled some of the decorations, but all are being rapidly replaced.

Although not officially announced, the wedding of the Czar and Princess Alix is quietly to take place Nov. 23 or 24. The foreign princes are expected to remain for the celebration. This is said to have been Alexander III's wish, but some of the frequent and sudden changes of the court arrangements may prevent the execution of the plan. The date of the funeral is still unknown. It it now as likely to be the 17th as the 20th.

BERLIN, Nov. 15.—The Tageblatt says that just before his departure Alexander III urged the present Czar not to keep the theatres too long in mourning. "I do not wish," he said, "to have so many become unhappy and lose their bread by my death." Nicholas II has since given 500,000 roubles to the actors and others made idle by the closing of the places of amusement.

LONDON, Nov. 15.—The Daily News correspondent in St. Petersburg says: "More than 10,000 sick persons from the provinces have arrived here hoping to be cured of disease by kissing Alexander III's forehead. One old couple walked three days from Schlieselburg to the capital. The patience of those wishing to see the body is remarkable. For instance persons standing at the Bourse at midnight on the 13th did not reach the cathedral until six o'clock on the morning of the 14th.

The United Press correspondent writing from Moscow on the 11th confirms the report that the embalming was defective. The face was then beginning to appear bloated, and the hands were swelling.

TRAITOROUS CONSPIRACY.

Widespread System of Betraying Confidential Information to Rival Governments.

PARIS, Nov. 15.—Inquiry into the case of Captain Dreyfus, now confined in the military prison for having sold information concerning the frontier forts to the Italian government and otherwise betraying the military secrets of the French government has disclosed the existence of a widespread system of spying, with which he was connected. Three more arrests have been made as a result of the inquiry, the persons arrested being two Germans named R. Von Cassell and Schoenbeck and a Frenchman whose name the authorities have not given. General Moncier, minister of war, ordered a search of their apartments, with the result of finding a number of incriminating documents revealing a plot of wide ramifications, and it is expected that a number of arrests in connection will soon be made.

U. S. TREASURY LOAN

Said to be Eagerly Sought in England—Opinion of the "London Times."

LONDON, Nov. 15.—The U. S. loan of $50,000,000 is hunted after by financiers. The Rothschilds have cabled the Belmont banking house to subscribe to the new loan promptly in their name.

The Times says in a leader on the American treasury loan: "It must draw gold from the hoards, which are most numerous in California and the West generally. We hope that the stipulation of gold subscriptions by the government will not bring about a premium on the metal through the government itself putting a kind of boycott on currency dollars. The interest in the experiment in the U. S. must be mingled with uneasiness. The effect promises to be small."

NEW YORK, Nov. 15.—It is believed that the largest subscribers to the new government loan will be Drexel, Morgan & Co., the United States Trust Company, the Union Trust Company, J. & W. Seligman, Brown Brothers, Kuhne, Loeb & Co., and Speyer & Co., some of whom will act as agents of English and German finanancial institutions. A leading bank president, speaking of the new loan, said to-day: "If the banks are to pay for the bonds it will take all their gold, while if gold is to be imported for the purpose, rates of exchange will be reduced materially. The trust companies probably have a great deal of gold in their vaults.

The Daily News says of the proposed bond issue in Washington: "The issue of treasury bonds in America will not affect this market, but any step towards improving the United States currency would have a marked effect upon the situation. Confidence in American credit would strengthen and the power of the country to attract gold would speedily reassert itself."

The Daily Telegraph says: "The operation apparently will have little or no effect here. Reform of the currency is greatly needed, but it is unlikely that any proposal by Mr. Cleveland will find much real support after the recent elections."

EUROPEAN STORMS.

Great Destruction in England and on the Continent—Many Lives Lost.

LONDON, Nov. 15.—As the result of the violent winds and heavy rains thousands of persons in Bath have been rendered homeless by the overflowing of the Avon. General rainfall still continues throughout England but the gales have abated.

The British ship Culmore founded in yesterday's gale off Spurnhead, Yorkshire. Twenty-two persons were lost, including the captain and his wife. It is believed the British steamer Zande was also lost yesterday.

Heavy floods are reported on the Island of Cyprus.

A dispatch from Limasol says twenty-one persons have been drowned, and the number of animals destroyed number thousands.

A COSTLY UNDERTAKING.

Strong Feeling in France That War With Madagascar Would Be a Most Expensive Affair.

LONDON, Nov. 15.—The Paris correspondent of the Daily News says of the proposal to appropriate 65,000,000 francs for the campaign in Madagascar: "Despite the fact that eight members of the committee out of eleven favor the Madagascar credit, the debate in the chamber will be equally. The radicals and socialists will oppose the grant. It is widely felt that France has committed herself to a course likely to be extremely unpopular and far costlier than the government ventures to avow.

BRITISH LIBERAL PROGRAMME.

Earl Rosebery Defines the Position of the Party He Leads.

LONDON, Nov. 15.—Speaking at Glasgow last night, Lord Rosebery stated that the Liberal programme would include Scotch and Welsh disestablishment. He declared that he did not despair of solving the problem which America, France, Austria and Hungary had solved. This reference to the House of Lords is variously interpreted. The Times, in a leader, says it thinks it indicates that nothing will be done prior to an appeal to the country.

IRISHMEN FREE.

McCarthy Says the National Federation Are Not Pledged to Any British Party.

DUBLIN, Nov. 15.—At a meeting of the central branch of the National Federation yesterday afternoon, Justin McCarthy said it was not true that the Irish parliamentary party had ever pledged itself to any English government. They were as free as ever to declare their own terms and to break from any government refusing to recognize the full claims of the Irish people, whoever went out or came into office.

NORTHWEST BLIZZARD.

A Severe Storm in Nebraska Damages at Least Half of the State.

OMAHA, Neb., Nov. 15.—Reports from the central and western parts of the state tell of a severe blizzard which is raging, and much serious damage to range stock is feared. The storm area covers at least half of the state. It came from the Northwest at 9 o'clock. The temperature began to fall early, and by noon a regular blizzard was in progress. People in all directions were caught unprepared, but so far no reports of loss of life have been reported.

THREATENING WAZIRIS

Native Tribesmen Menacing British Surveyors on the Indian Boundary.

CALCUTTA, Nov. 15.—More than 6,000 Waziris have gathered on the frontier of Waziristan, and are threatening the British party sent out to fix the boundary. An attack is expected by the British.

CAPITAL NOTES.

Winnipeg Merchants Oppose Changes in the Grain Standards During Shipping Season.

Manitoba Freight Charges Commission—The Political Outlook in the Maritime Provinces.

(From Our Own Correspondent.)

OTTAWA, Nov. 15.—Secretary Bell, of the Winnipeg Board of Trade, was engaged with Hon. Mr. Daly and Controller Wood for several hours to-day discussing the question of grain standards. Mr. Bell says the Manitoba grain men are strongly opposed to any change in the standards in the middle of the shipping season, and is satisfied the government will not take any action that would be adverse to the interests of the farmers.

P. S. Archibald and H. H. Schaefer, of the Intercolonial, left for Winnipeg this afternoon. The two gentlemen are respectively chairman and secretary of the commission to inquire into the question of freight charges in Manitoba and the Northwest. The inquiry will be opened at Winnipeg next Monday.

Controller of Customs Wallace returned from the maritime provinces to-day. He says the success of recent political meetings augurs well for the Liberal-Conservative party in the maritime provinces at the general elections. He was greatly pleased with the insight he got into the iron industries.

General Herbert says that Canadian forces are not eligible for the Queen's decoration for long service volunteers; our force is militia not volunteers. As the city corps in Canada approximate closest to English volunteers, pay of men usually going into regimental funds, the General favors the idea that two classes of military could be organized in the Dominion—city corps constituting volunteers and rural battalions the militia. The only difference between them would be that the pay of city corps would go into the battalion funds, while the men in the rural battalions would continue to draw their pay as at present. A change of this character would overcome the hitch in reference to the granting of long service decorations to eligible Canadians, although the officers and men of rural battalions would be shut out.

A considerable amount of energy is being thrown into the preliminary arrangements for the carnival. J. M. Courtney, deputy minister of finance, has accepted the presidency of the finance committee.

The laboratory branch of the Inland Revenue department is analyzing samples of Paris green purchased in different cities in Canada.

The rates on parcels between Canada and Japan by parcel post will be reduced to 20 cents per pound on and after January 1 next.

Lieut.-Governor Mackintosh is making steady progress towards recovery.

WINNIPEG WIRINGS.

The Tramp Journalist Robbed—Moderator of Manitoba Presbytery—Receipts at Tax Sales.

WINNIPEG, Nov. 15.—(Special)—Samuel Wilson, the tramp journalist, who is walking across the continent, telegraphs as follows from Brandon: "My register, with moccasins, revolver, socks and notes, with fifty-nine sketches in my satchel were stolen from me by some footpads west of this. I had a good fight and saved my shorthand notes. Other than this everything has been taken from me."

Lord and Lady Aberdeen are expected here next Wednesday en route to Montreal from the Pacific Coast.

Mrs. Robert Marshall died suddenly yesterday afternoon at her home from heart failure, caused by excessive grief over the death of her infant child. Her death occurred shortly before the hour fixed for the funeral of the child.

Webster, on his preliminary trial for causing the death of Adam Bole during a dance at Birtle, has been committed for trial for manslaughter.

Rev. A. Carmichael, of Regina, has been chosen moderator of the Manitoba Presbyterian Synod.

A boy named Frank Schultz, aged ten, was accidentally shot yesterday by a rifle in the hands of a girl named Jessie Chester. The boy is not expected to recover.

The total receipts at the Winnipeg sale of lands for taxes, concluded to day were $83,000 for arrears on taxes amounting to $40,000.

FATAL GUN ACCIDENT.

A Little Girl Killed at Fort Simpson by an Unexpected Discharge.

VANCOUVER, Nov. 15.—(Special)—The steamer Boscowitz brings word of a fatal accident near Fort Simpson. Mr. and Mrs. Williscroft, on their way from Fort Simpson to San Francisco, visited Mr. and Mrs. Alexander, with their little five-year-old daughter. The little girl was playing with the Alexander children when a rusty old gun was pulled down, being discharged in its fall and killing the little visitor.

U. S. POSTAL SERVICE.

Characterized by the Utmost Carefulness—Hearty Co-Operation of the Canadian Authorities.

WASHINGTON, Nov. 15.—The annual report of fourth assistant P. M. G. Maxwell, says that there were only 15 complaints of carelessness in the handling of registered matter by postal employes. The postal service handled 15,050,564 pieces of domestic registered mail with the loss of but one piece in every 11,000. Attention is also called to the cordial and earnest co-operation of the Postmaster-General of Canada and the chief inspector of the Canadian service in all matters pertaining to the security of mails passing between the two countries.

Have you seen our white blankets? They are beautiful and the cheapest in the city. The Schl-Hastie-Erskine Co. *

Oysters
In all styles, and game, at the Bank Exchange; popular prices.

NEWS OF THE PROVINCE.

Increased Interest in Mining—Husband Arrested for Fatally Neglecting His Wife.

A Libel Suit May Possibly Arise Out of the Lobb Case.

(Special to the COLONIST.)

VANCOUVER.

VANCOUVER, Nov. 15.—The clean-up for the Horsefly mine during the past two weeks is $13,000; the gold is not yet taken out of the cuts and the yield may safely be put down at $26,000 for the half month. The success of the Horsefly mine has caused considerable excitement in connection with the mining interest, and stocks are said to be advancing rapidly.

The wind blew furiously here yesterday, but did no serious damage.

WESTMINSTER.

NEW WESTMINSTER, Nov. 15.—Mrs. Marcus Cox, of Mission, is dead. She has been lingering between life and death for the past month, being unconscious for weeks. It is said Mrs. Cox's death is due to the neglect of her husband, who is reputed to be a miser. The details of Mrs. Cox's condition, when found by charitably disposed persons, are too horrible for publication. The husband is under arrest, and his preliminary examination takes place on Monday.

C. K. Whittier, a barber and prominent member of the Knights of Pythias, died suddenly of heart disease last night.

The case brought against certain parties for the alleged unlawful changing of the current of Veddar creek was found too complicated to proceed with in Westminster by maps of locality, so that the case will come up in the speedy trial court at Chilliwack, where the jury can view the ground.

NANAIMO.

NANAIMO, Nov. 15.—The Lobb case may yet develop into a case of prosecution for criminal libel. Dr. Praeger said he should probably seek redress in the courts for the statement of Wesley Bryant that Praeger said he wished Lobb under six feet of earth. Dr. Praeger emphatically denies making any such statement as sworn to by Bryant.

An excellent pay day in Wellington is making the people out that way feel good.

The ship C. B. Kenney arrived in port today.

CHILLIWACK.

(From the Progress.)

Mr. Lundy and others have returned from the gold fields on the Fraser and report that things are looking at least fairly well.

A branch from one of T. Lay's apple trees has four well formed apples, which is the second growth for this year.

Two men arrived here on Saturday with 13 ounces of splendid gold dust, which was disposed of to the Yorkshire Guarantee Co. here, at the usual market price. The dust was taken from Hudson's bar, on the Fraser river.

On Saturday W. F. Ferris exhibited a fine mess of green corn picked from the stalks in his garden, and some green onions; also some fresh ripe raspberries off some of his raspberry bushes, on which were a number of blossoms some of which are forming nicely for fruit. Mr. Ferris' garden, on the whole, has certainly been very productive this year, notwithstanding the damage done by high water.

SHIPS AND SHIPPING.

Repairs to the "Kingston" and the "Rosalie"—The "Miowera's" Departure.

It is thought that the steamer City of Kingston will resume her regular run on Tuesday. Work has been rapidly advanced towards the completion of her repairs which are not nearly so extensive as was first believed. Two of her plates have to be removed entirely, while two more require straightening. Two of her ribs were also injured, but apart from these and the plates there is nothing wrong with the vessel save, of course, the loosening of the rivets round about the injured part.

While the Great Northern steamer Rosalie is having a new propeller fitted and her bottom coppered the steamer George E. Starr, which arrived yesterday morning in the former's place will continue to run, remaining on the route for probably a week. The Rosalie is receiving her alterations at Tacoma.

A consignment of 200 tons of hay, wheat and potatoes, for H. J. Lipsett, arrived from Dungeness by the tug Enterprise early this morning. For the same gentleman 350 turkeys and 7,000 pounds of pork and veal arrived on the Evangel last night. The turkeys and meat will be kept in the cold storage rooms.

Shortly before noon yesterday the Northern Pacific steamer Sikh left for Tacoma after landing a good portion of her cargo. The next N. P. ship is due on December 1, being scheduled to leave Yokohama on Saturday. She is the Victoria.

This evening the Canadian-Australian steamship Miowera sails south. Besides what cargo she receives from the Mainland there is about 500 tons of lime, fish, lumber, etc., awaiting shipment here.

The Steamer Utopia arrived at Vancouver from the Sound yesterday, with 110 tons of paper for transportation on the steamship Miowera to Australia to-day.

The steamer Maude left for West Coast points last evening, carrying among her passengers several settlers with their families for Clayoquot.

As soon as the tug Lorne returns to port she will take the ship Yosemite from the Royal Roads to Departure bay for coal.

ENTERED.

Str. Charmer	from	Vancouver.
" Geo. E. Starr	"	Port Townsend.
" City of Seattle	"	" "
" Sikh	"	Yokohama.
" Maude	"	Nanaimo.
Schr. Escort	"	Vancouver.
" Kilmeny	"	Barclay Sound.

CLEARED.

Str. Charmer	for	Vancouver.
" City of Seattle	"	Port Townsend.
" Geo. E. Starr	"	" "
" Sikh	"	Tacoma.
" Maude	"	Barclay Sound.
" Daisy	"	Nanaimo.
Schr: Escort	"	Vancouver.

Poor Digestion

Leads to nervousness, fretfulness, peevishness, chronic dyspepsia and great misery. Hood's Sarsaparilla is the remedy. It tones the stomach, creates an appetite and gives a relish to food. It makes pure blood and gives healthy action to all the organs of the body. Take Hood's, for Hood's Sarsaparilla CURES.

Hood's Pills become the favorite cathartic with every one who tries them. 25c.

Oysters

At the Bank Exchange; boarders taken by the day, week or month; open day and night.

TORONTO TOPICS.

Marter, Leader of the Provincial Conservatives, Causes a Sensation—The "Empire" Newspaper—McCarthyites and Patrons.

TORONTO, Nov. 15.—(Special)—The political sensation of the hour is the address delivered here last night by George T. Marter, the new leader of the Conservatives in Ontario. In his inaugural address on November 6, he made no mention of separate schools and was taunted by his opponents with either wilful evasion of the subject or disinclination to renew the religious agitation of the recent elections. Last night Mr. Marter laid down his line of policy. After assailing the political attitude of the Roman Catholic church in Ontario, he boldly declared himself for the abolition of the Catholic separate schools and pledged himself to assist in effecting it if it could be done by constitutional means. Mr. Marter declared himself unflinchingly a Prohibitionist and if his supporters did not like it they could find another leader.

It is stated on good authority that the McCarthyites will withdraw their candidates from several Ontario ridings where the Patrons or other tariff reformers are already in the field.

In the police court a boy named Bernard MacMahon was fined $1 and costs or fifteen daps for kissing a young girl on the street.

The World, Conservative, this morning says the Empire stockholders are willing to assign their stock to a syndicate if the latter will run the paper without consideration for what they have paid in. It also adds that the efforts to amalgamate the Mail and the Empire have fallen through, that the latter has been a dead loss of $200,000 to the stockholders, and that the Dominion government has repudiated it as the government organ and says its existence is not necessary to the existence of the government.

It is not expected that the legislature will be called together till next April.

Premier Mowat is trying to find a seat for Mr. Ballantyne, the defeated Speaker of the last legislature.

CANADIAN CATTLE EXCLUSION.

Sir Charles Tupper Declares Its Continuance a Foregone Conclusion—Reasons for Britain's Action.

DUNDEE, Nov. 15.—Sir Charles Tupper in an address to the farmers said to-day it made no difference how clearly it might be proved that contagious pleuro-pneumonia did not exist among cattle in Canada, it was a foregone conclusion that the British government would exclude Canadian cattle. This prohibition, he said, was chiefly due to the connection of Rt. Hon. Mr. Chaplin, formerly president of the board of agriculture, with the agricultural society. Resolutions were passed declaring that the agitation against the action of the government in excluding Canadian cattle would continue unabated.

Golf Goods

To arrive about December 1. A small but well assorted stock of the best Scotch golf clubs; also Silvertown and re-made balls. Charles E. Tisdall, Gunmaker, Vancouver.

TENDERS.

TENDERS.

Tenders will be received at the office of the undersigned until Monday next, the 19th inst., for supplying the following to the corporation for use in connection with the Electric Light Works, viz.:

8000 feet 5 16 Galvanized Iron Sash Cord.
2500 feet No.6 Rubber-covered Wire, braided.
300 lbs. No 6 B.B Galvanized Iron Wire.

The lowest or any tender not necessarily accepted.

WELLINGTON J. DOWLER,
C. M. C.

Victoria, Nov. 14, 1894. no15

SCAVENGERS.

ED. LINES, General Scavenger, 236 Yates street. Yards, etc., cleaned. Orders left at Geo. Munroe, 82 Douglas street; Speed Bros., cor. Douglas and Fort; or Blair & Gordon, cor. Menzies and Michigan, will be promptly attended to. de3

MEETINGS.

VICTORIA-COLUMBIA LODGE, No 1, A. F. & A. M., B.C.R.—Regular Communication first Thursday each month at Masonic Temple, corner Douglas and Fisgard streets, at 7:30 p. m. Sojourning brethren cordially invited.
ja28-tf C. DUBOIS MASON, Secretary.

"ST. ANDREW & CALEDONIAN SOCIETY." Society meets in Caledonia Hall Blanchard street, on the first Friday in every month. Visiting brethren are invited to attend. E. C. Smith, Secretary. my4-1m

LEGISLATIVE ASSEMBLY.

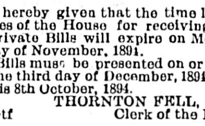
PRIVATE BILLS.

Notice is hereby given that the time limited by the Rules of the House for receiving petitions for Private Bills will expire on Monday, the 26th day of November, 1894.

Private Bills must be presented on or before Monday, the third day of December, 1894.

Dated this 8th October, 1894.

THORNTON FELL,
oc9-tf Clerk of the House.



TABLE

Showing the Dates and Places of Courts of Assize, Nisi Prius, and Oyer and Terminer, and General Gaol Delivery for the Year 1894.

FALL ASSIZES.

*Nelson	Monday	10th September
*Donald	Monday	17th September
Clinton	Thursday	20th September
Richfield	Monday	24th September
Kamloops	Monday	1st October
Vernon	Monday	8th October
Lytton	Friday	12th October
New Westminster	Tuesday	6th November
Vancouver	Monday	12th November
Victoria	Tuesday	20th November
Nanaimo	Tuesday	27th November

*Special Assizes adjourned from the Spring by Mr. Justice Walkem and now fixed for these dates. au16

NOTICE—No shooting allowed on Fairfield Farm; trespassers will be prosecuted. au31

SCROFULA CURED BY B.B.B.

MRS. JAS. CHASE.

Worst Kind of Scrofula.

DEAR SIRS.—I had an abscess on my breast and scrofula of the very worst kind, the doctors said. I got so weak that I could not walk around the house without taking hold of chairs to support me. The doctors treated me for three years, and at last said there was no hope for me. I asked if I might take B.B.B. and they said it would do me no harm, so I began to take it, and before three bottles were used I felt great benefit. I have now taken six bottles and am nearly well. I find Burdock Blood Bitters a grand blood purifier and very good for children as a spring medicine.

MRS. JAMES CHASE,
Frankford, Ont.

FOR THE TEETH & BREATH.
TEABERRY.
PRICE 25¢
ZOPESA CHEMICAL CO. TORONTO.

Advertisements under the heads of Lost, Found, For Sale or To Let and Situations Wanted will be inserted at the rate of one cent a word each insertion. Payment always in advance. No advertisement received for less than twenty-five cents.

WANTS.

WANTED—Air or water bed; in good condition. Please address, stating price, to E. Gabriel, 20 Beechy street, city. no15-3t

WANTED—Situation as working housekeeper; good cook; references. E. M., Colonist office. no15-3t

WANTED—100 pairs pigeons by Friday night. Apply at 9 and 10 City Market. W. B. Sylvester. no15 2t

WANTED—Stenographer (male) to take position in mercantile house, Yokohama; only applications from those fully qualified and with highest references as to character and ability, will be considered. Address Yokohama, Colonist office. no14-6t

WANTED—A situation as chambermaid. Apply M.M., Colonist office. no9 6t

WANTED—A general manager for the Co-operative Store, Nanaimo. Applications (marked as such) stating salary required, must be sent in to the undersigned by the 16th inst. Any further information in reference to position can be obtained from Geo. Holdnall, secretary, Nanaimo. no7-td

WANTED—Ladies' and gentlemen's cast-off clothing, boots and shoes, at 81 Johnson street. no7-1m

FOR SALE.

FOR SALE—165½ acres of land at Boundary Bay; all under fence, with house and barn; usual cut of hay yearly over 50 tons. Apply to W. McDowell, 94 Superior street, James Bay, Victoria. no14-2t

FOR SALE—Lot on Belton avenue and Pine street, Victoria West: cost $625: will be sold for $350. A. W. More & Co., 70 Douglas street.

FOR SALE—Three and three-quarter acres, all cleared, on Glanford avenue; close to town; cheap at $500. A. W. More & Co., 70 Douglas street.

FOR SALE—The Three Star Saloon, corner of Fort and Wharf streets. Apply on premises. no13-6t

TO LET OR LEASE.

TO BE LET OR LEASED—The Globe Hotel, Esquimalt; in good running order: will shortly be vacant; this is a good chance for an energetic man. Address Mrs. M. Fisher, 143 Pandora avenue, city. no2 1m

FURNISHED room with board. 181 Fort St no13-4t

TO LET—Nicely furnished front room; no other roomers; eight minutes' walk from post office; terms moderate. Apply G, Colonist office. no11-6t

TO LET—Three nice cottages, 4 rooms, $5; one large cottage, 5 rooms, bath and cellar, $8. Apply Mrs. P. Wilson, grocer, 185 Douglas street. no10-

TO LET—Furnished rooms, with board; references given. 127 Menzies St. no6 1m

TO LET—Six roomed house, all modern improvements, in central locality. Apply to Heisterman Co., 75 Government St. oc18-1m

TO LET—Nine-roomed house, Superior street, James Bay; $18; water paid. Ten-roomed house; hot and cold water: 2 lots; Garbally Road; $20. Two cottages, Pandora street, $10, water paid. Corner store and four large rooms, stable, etc.; Government street; $15. Seven-roomed house, bath and stable, with frontage on the Gorge, and commanding fine view, $20. Four-roomed cottages and three acres of land, about 1½ miles from post office: $16 per month.

TO LET—Furnished—Nine-roomed house; bathroom; hot and cold water, etc.; two lots in garden; good situation; James Bay.

BARGAINS—For sale—43 acres good farming land, close to town; considerable cleared; $70 per acre.

MONEY TO LEND on good security. Apply to

Swinerton & Oddy, Accountants, Auditors and Notaries Public, Government St.

PARTIES DESIROUS of fitting up their fire-places should call and examine our stock of :

Grates and Hearth Tiles.

The largest variety and lowest prices in the city.

McKILLICAN & ANDERSON
Langley Street, corner Courtney. no11-1m

-THE 20th PART-

The last and greatest part of "MASTERPIECES FROM THE ART GALLERIES OF THE WORLD" is issued to-day.

This set of Portfolios, the best and most artistic of all offered to the public, should be in the houses and on the tables of all our readers.

The small cost, TEN CENTS a part, or TWO DOLLARS for the

300 GREATEST PICTURES IN THE WORLD

should induce every head of a household to provide his people with this highly educational, artistic and satisfactory work.

FOR A FEW DAYS

we will supply our readers with back numbers, as well as the current part on presentation of the Coupon and Ten Cents for each part required.

If you have not already secured the back numbers send Two Dollars and eceive the whole set at once, complete.

"HYDE FARM"

SHAWNIGAN DISTRICT

IS A MAGNIFICENT PROPERTY, containing 484 acres, suitable for mixed farming. A large portion of the Farm has formerly been cropped. There are large portions of it that are suitable for Grazing and Dairying Purposes. Now that Hops are likely to become one of B. C.'s profitable crops, a couple of hundred acres of Hyde Farm could be utilized for this purpose. The Farm is supplied with an abundance of water the year round, and water for power can be secured from the falls of the Koksilah River, which stream is the boundary line of the property on one side. Brick Clay, Lime Rock and Bog Iron Ore exist on the Farm, with the prospect of Coal also being discovered. There is plenty of Timber for all purposes, some of it of a merchantable character.

"HYDE FARM"

Is a short distance from the E. & N. Railway Line at either end of the property, and the Victoria and Nanaimo Wagon Road passes through it, therefore it is specially well located for shipping purposes. Excellent Shooting and Fishing is to be had on the property and in the Koksilah River. Deer, Grouse, Duck and Geese abound. In fact Hyde Farm is well located for all practical and pleasureable purposes, and is a chance not often met with for a man of moderate means to secure a small estate, which is sure to become extremely valuable, as the development of the Island progresses. In the meantime its utilization for Mixed Farming or Cattle Raising Purposes would bring in a fair income.

For further particulars, or
For Price and Terms, address
"HYDE FARM" Colonist Office.

RAILWAYS.

Esquimalt & Nanaimo R'y

TIME TABLE No. 21,

To take effect at 8.00 a.m. on Thursday, Nov. 1, 1894. Trains run on Pacific Standard Time.

NORTH BOUND (Read Down.) No. 2 Pass'r. Daily	NORTH BOUND (Read Down.) No. 4 Pass'r. Satur'y	Mls. f'm Vic	STATIONS.	Mls. f'm Wel	SOUTH BOUND (Read Up) No. 1 Pass'r. Daily	SOUTH BOUND (Read Up) No. 3 Pass'r. Satur'y
A.M. De. 8.00	P.M. De. 2.00		Victoria	78	P.M. Ar. 12.24	P.M. Ar. 5.30
" 8.04	" 2.04	1	Russell's	77	" 12.20	" 5.26
" 8.14	" 2.14	4	Esquimalt	74	" 12.10	" 5.16
" 8.39	" 2.39	11	Goldstream	67	" 11.45	" 4.51
" 9.14	" 3.10	20	Summit Siding	58	" 11.10	" 4.22
" 9.34	" 3.36	28	Shawnigan Lake	50	" 10.50	" 3.56
" 9.44	" 3.46	31	Cobble Hill	47	" 10.40	" 3.45
" 9.57	" 4.01	35	McPherson's	43	" 10.27	" 3.31
" 10.07	" 4.11	38	Koksilah	49	" 10.17	" 3.21
" 10.12	" 4.16	40	Duncan's	38	" 10.12	" 3.16
" 10.22	" 4.26	43	Somenos	35	" 10.02	" 3.06
" 10.48	" 4.48	52	Chemainus	26	" 9.36	" 2.44
" 11.09	" 5.05	59	Oyster Bay Siding	19	" 9.15	" 2.28
Ar. 11.50 De. 11.59	" 5.46	73	Nanaimo	5	De. 8.34 Ar. 8.25	" 1.45
Ar. 12.14 P.M.	Ar. 6.00 P.M.	78	Wellington		De. 8.10 A.M.	De. 1.30 P.M.

On Saturdays and Sundays

Return Tickets will be issued between all points for a fare and a quarter, good for return not later than Monday.

Return Tickets for one and a half ordinary fare may be purchased daily to all points, good for seven days including day of issue.

No Return Tickets issued for a fare and a quarter where the single fare is twenty-five cents.

Through rates between Victoria & Comox.

Mileage and Commutation Tickets can be obtained on application to the Ticket Agent, Victoria, Duncan's and Nanaimo Stations.

A. DUNSMUIR, President. JOSEPH HUNTER, Gen. Supt.
H. K. PRIOR,
my4 Gen. Freight and Passenger Agt.

GREAT NORTHERN RAILWAY.

THE BUFFET LINE.

Passengers for Chicago can take Sleeping Ca at Seattle Through Without Change.

Passengers leave Victoria daily at 9:00 a.m. for Spokane, St. Paul, Minneapolis, Duluth, Winnipeg, Milwaukee, St. Louis and the East.

Running Buffet Cars, with bath room, barber shop, easy chairs, observation windows library, writing and card tables, smoking rooms etc., and Palace Sleeping and Dining Cars Family Tourist Sleepers, and first and second class Coaches.

Direct connections made at Wenatchee with steamers to and from Lake Chelan and the Okanagan country. At Bonner's Ferry with steamers from Kaslo, Ainsworth, Nelson, and other points in the Kootenai mining district. At Jennings with steamer for Fort Steele. At Shelby Junction and Havre for Great Falls, Helena and Butte.

Crosses the Cascade and Rocky Mountains in daylight. Finest scenery in America and a line free from dust.

For information or publications apply to

C. H. WEEKS,
General Agent.
No. 75 Government Street,
Opposite Postoffice, Victoria, B. C.

F. I. WHITNEY,
Gen. Pass. & Ticket Ag t,
St. Paul, Minnesota. jy1

Thos. F. Oakes, Henry C. Payne, Henry C. Rouse, Receivers.

NORTHERN PACIFIC R. R.

RUNS

Pullman Sleeping Cars
Elegant Dining Cars
Tourist Sleeping Cars

TO
St. Paul
Minneapolis
Duluth
Fargo
Grand Forks
Crookston
Winnipeg
Helena and
Butte

THROUGH TICKETS

To Chicago, Washington, Philadelphia, New York, Boston and all Points East and South.

TIME SCHEDULE.

Speed 18 knots		VICTORIA ROUTE S.S. "CITY OF KINGSTON"		Tonnage 1117.
8.30 pm	Ml	Lv *...Victoria.... Ar	110	4.30 pm
11.45 pm	38	. Port Townsend .	72	1.30 pm
3.00 am	82	...... Seattle......	28	10.15 am
4.45 am	110	Ar. *...Tacoma.....Lv	Ml	8.00 am

Steamer City of Kingston makes connection at Tacoma with Northern Pacific trains to and from points east and south.

* Daily except Monday.

E. E. BLACKWOOD,
Freight and Passenger Agent
Victoria, B. C.

A. D. CHARLTON,
Asst. Gen. Pas. Agent,
121 First street, Washington, Portland, Or.
ap2

BY WAY OF

MINNEAPOLIS AND ST. PAUL

AND OVER

The North-Western Line

Is the best route in every respect to

CHICAGO

and all points East,

KANSAS CITY, OMAHA, SIOUX CITY

and all points South. Direct connections in Union Depots. Vestibuled Trains. Compartm't Buffet, Pullman, and Dining Cars on every train. All ticket agents can sell you to your desination over "The North-Western Line."

F. W PARKER,
ja19 Puget Sound Agent Seattle.

CORRESPONDENTS' LUCK.

Frederick Villiers and James Creelman Made Prisoners of War in Korea.

The Guard Tells How It All Occurred—A Mysterious Escape.

Two well known war correspondents who are immediately recognized as James Creelman and Frederic Villiers, an over-zealous Japanese guard and an interpreter were the chief actors in a little comedy enacted on the 10th of October, the scene of which was laid at Kishinbo, Korea, on board the Japanese transport which was to convey the Chinese prisoners taken in the Ping Yang fight to Hiroshima. How the trouble arose is thus quaintly told by the guard in question, who (despite the military regulations of which he has so much to say) writes of his grievance to the Tokyo Chuwo:

"The prisoners arrived at Kishinbo on the afternoon of the 10th," he says, "and preparations were immediately commenced for their transhipment to the Wakanoura Maru. We were thus engaged when a boat came off from shore containing two 'red-bearded and blue eyed fellows' with a Japanese interpreter. They came without permission on board the boat we were guarding and began to talk with the prisoners. Their action was so very provoking that I rushed up to the foreigners with the intention of kicking them out. But a certain major who was standing with them seemed to be treating them as his friends, and so I then refrained from doing anything with them.

"After the major went away the 'red-bearded fellows' were seen giving something to the prisoners which they took out of their pockets. Seeing this I at once ran to Mr. Okamura, a corporal, and informed him of the fact. The corporal, who is a quick-tempered man, ran to the scene, knocked down the interpreter, took from the prisoners what the foreigners had given to them, and then conducted the two 'red-bearded' ones to the deck where he began to question them. One of the foreigners said that he was James, of the World of America, and the other proclaimed himself to be Villiers, of an illustrated magazine of England. The interpreter was a native of Izugahara named Nagase Tokuju. What the 'red-fellows' gave to the prisoners were cigarettes and matches.

"Now, I and Mr. Okamura alternately began to put questions to the foreigners. We said: 'You are journalists of enlightened countries, and what do you think of the Japanese army? You have come on board this ship without permission, and, moreover, you gave the prisoners dangerous articles like matches. How is this thus?'

"Mr. Okamura wanted an explanation, putting his hand on his sword. The 'red fellows' only blushed, the elder one laughing recklessly, and replied that as they saw a certain Japanese officer give the prisoners some tobacco they thought they might do so too, and thus had violated the military regulations of our country unintentionally. With these words they bowed low like grasshoppers, still smiling. We refused to accept their explanation, saying: 'You probably intend to write to your papers and say we walked about on a boat guarded by Japanese soldiers without obtaining due permission, and gave some matches to the Chinese prisoners to test what would be the consequence, but the Japanese could not question us at all.' We said we could not permit them to do this, and that we would take the proper steps against them. The 'red fellows' then turned pale and seemed not to know what to do on hearing our words. We placed them in the charge of a soldier as prisoners of war and went back to our posts.

"On embarking on the Wakanoura Maru the 'red-bearded' captives were found to have disappeared. All the men on guard were thereupon much excited, and threatened to resign the duty of escorting the prisoners and go back to the field if violations of the military regulations by foreigners was to be excused. The officers could not explain how the prisoners had escaped, but urged us of the guard to patiently await investigation and not act mutinously. We were firm, but certain officers and the priests of the Hongwanji intervened and appeased us, and as the actual offender was a journalist of America we consented to remain on duty. If the offender had been the Englishman—that would have been different."

OUTRAGES BY BRIGANDS.

Severe Fight on the Island of Sardinia With the Authorities.

ROME, Nov. 19.—One hundred brigands entered the village of Tortoli, Island of Sardinia. After plundering a dozen families they surrounded the house of an ex-Mayor, battered in the doors and stole everything valuable. They killed one of the servants who fired on them. Three policemen and a few residents of the village blocked the streets. Both sides opened fire. The fight lasted three hours. One gensd'arme was killed, the others were wounded severely, and many of the townsmen and brigands were injured more or less seriously. The brigands eventually got away with their booty. The Governor probably will proclaim martial law in the Tortoli district.

NEWFOUNDLAND POLITICS.

Whitewayite Successes Materially Depress Colonial Securities Abroad.

ST. JOHNS, Nfld., Nov. 15.—The Whitewayites have swept St. Johns overwhelmingly, with larger majorities than ever before obtained on the island. In St. Johns East the two Whitewayite candidates were elected, having majorities of about one thousand each. In St. Johns West three Whitewayites were elected with equally large majorities. Newfoundland bonds fell several points upon the foreign exchange upon receipt of the news of the Whitewayite victory. The debt of the colony is very heavy, and it is charged that the Whitewayite party has been mainly instrumental in increasing it. Public work of every description was stopped, the government feeling unable to continue without a reasonable prospect of floating bonds for the amount necessary to cover the expenditures. Railway operations are also suspended.

When Baby was sick, we gave her Castoria.
When she was a Child, she cried for Castoria.
When she became Miss, she clung to Castoria.
When she had Children, she gave them Castoria.

Drink Victoria-Phœnix Lager Beer.

MONTREAL MATTERS.

Sir Donald A. Smith's Reasons for Declining a Peerage—Preparing for the Governor-General.

MONTREAL, Nov. 15.—(Special)—A committee of the Sir. John A. Macdonald club waited on Sir Donald A. Smith at his Dorchester residence and presented him with a congratulatory address expressing the pleasure they felt at his safe return to Montreal. In reply Sir Donald said he had refused a peerage because he thought it his duty to work for his country to the best of his ability, and he hoped to be able to continue doing so for many years to come.

Three members of the Governor-General's household are in the city fixing up the Abbott house on Sherbroke street for his occupation on November 23.

Thirty-seven new cases of scarlet fever were reported to the health authorities yesday. The sum of $2000 has been appropriated to put the civic hospital in repair and procure anti-toxine serum from New York.

JAPAN'S WAR BILL.

Li Hung Chang Apparently Rehabilitating Himself in the Imperial Favor.

Nothing Doing in the Way of Mediation—Expences of One Contestant.

LONDON, Nov. 15.—The Shanghai correspondent of the Central News says that the Emperor received the foreign ministers today within the precincts of the Pekin palace. Li Hung Chang's vicissitudes have had a noteworthy effect upon his hold on the popular mind. A charicature published in Tientsin and pasted on the wall represents him on the back of a tortoise with a cannon under his right arm, sinking a Japanese cruiser. Another shows him as a fish on the point of being hooked. In the placard Li Hung Chang is called Wongpo, the lowest name of derision.

The Times hears from Shanghai that the relations of Li Hung Chang and the Imperial officials in Pekin are now close and apparently cordial. Li Hung Chang's son has left Tien Tsin taking with him his valuables.

Col. Von Hanneken lately submitted at the foreign board's request a scheme of military reorganization. The Emperor and the Manchu statesmen approved the scheme but the stratagem of certain wealthy Taotais frustrated it.

The Tokio correspondent of the Central News telegraphs: Japan has not yet received any peace overtures from China. If Japan accepts the American offer of mediation, she will do so only upon certain conditions concerning the question of indemnity. It is understood that Japan's actual outlay for the war up to the present has been about £30,000,000.

Dispatches from Field Marshal Yamagata say that he is continuing his advance in Manchuria. His left division is marching upon Sui-Yen, where a force of 20,000 Chinese is encamped. The right division recently routed a large force of Chinese cavalry on the road to Lin-San Kwan, which was occupied later without opposition. The division is now advancing upon We-Tin-Ting, where the Chinese under Gen. Tho have taken a position.

The Tien Tsin correspondent of the Times says: "Prince Kung sent back to Port Arthur General Shiu with 2,000 men. They made a vigorous defence eastward of Kinchow on the 7th and checked the Japanese advance, though unsupported by the other commanders. Another severe fight took place on the 8th, when General Shiu was overcome by the Japanese then occupying Kinchow. Some thousands of refugees fleeing from Kinchow towards the villages in the vicinity were mistaken for the enemy by the Japanese, who fired on them from the defences, killing hundreds."

YOKOHAMA, Nov. 15 — Dispatches say that the land forts at Port Arthur, comprising the defences in the rear, are much stronger than the seaward forts and guns. The Japanese expect that if the Chinese make any defence of these positions the engagement will be a sanguinary one.

A Chemulpo dispatch says the officials of the Korean government whose tendencies are pro Japanese, are framing a constitution to be issued at the beginning of 1895.

A Tien Tsin dispatch says it is reported that Colonel von Hanneken has been put in complete command of the Chinese navy.

WASHINGTON, Nov. 15.—There seems to be a hitch in the proposed United States mediation in the Chinese-Japanese war. State Department officials remain mute on the matter and a similar silence appears to have been imposed on the legations of the contending powers in this city. Nevertheless, it is understood that no notification has yet been received from Japan of the acceptance of the U. S. offer of mediation, though that proposition was cabled to Minister Dun to be presented to the government at Tokio on November 6, nine days ago. China, to whom through Minister Denby the same proposition was made on the same day, is said to have given a "reluctant assent," as it is understood hampered by conditions which do not seem to have been complied with. Frequent interviews have been had within the past few days between Secretary Gresham and the Chinese and Japanese ministers, but whatever may have been accomplished by these conferences it is clear to-day that no agreement has been arrived at which contemplates a suspension of hostilities on the part of Japan, and no such agreement appears to be immediately in prospect. There is an impression that the offer of mediation on the part of the United States may fail of its object.

Catarrh is a constitutional disease. Hood's Sarsaparilla is a constitutional remedy. It cures catarrh. Give it a trial.

MUNICIPAL :: ELECTIONS

1895.

Householders' Qualification.

All persons wishing to qualify under the above qualification, as voters for the ensuing Municipal Elections for the year 1895, in accordance with Clause E of Section 37 of the Municipal Amendment Act, 1894, can do so by calling at the Assessor's Office, City Hall, and making the necessary declaration on or before the 30th day of November, instant.

WM. W. NORTHCOTT,
Assessor.

City Hall, Victoria, B.C.
November, 1894. no7

E. M. JOHNSON

37 Government Street, Corner of Broughton.

ESTABLISHED 1879.

Real Estate Agent, Conveyancer and Notary Public

Loans Effected, Rents and Income Collected, Deeds Prepared, Etc., Etc.

FOR SALE--20,000 ACRES FARMING LAND

In contiguous Blocks; Beautifully watered; forming one of the finest estates in the Province; house and farm buildings, 2000 cattle; 50 to 80 horses, easy approach; good roads; railways projected to property and the estate is in close proximity to some of the best developed, most promising gold mines in the District. The price of the whole is extremely moderate. Principals only treated with.

FOR SALE---A 1388-ACRE FARM

About 1000 Acres of which is Ploughable Prairie of First-class Quality.

120 Head Cattle 1 pedigree Hereford Bull.
12 Horses.
Ploughs, Harrows, Reaper, Wagon, Sleds and usual Farm Implements.
Double Harness, Chain Harness, Bull Chains, Saddles (ladies and gent's), Bridles, etc.
Blacksmiths' Bellows, Anvil and Tools and Carpenters' Tools.
9-Room House (shingle roofed; Stable for 10 horses, with hay loft above; Stone Roothouse, Store Buildings, Dairy, Cow Sheds, etc., etc.
7 Miles (about) Standing Fences, in good order; Corralls, &c.
Small Lot Household Furniture, Stove and Pipes, Cooking Utensils, Crockery, etc., etc.

This Property is within easy distance of many of the most important Gold, Silver and Coal Mines in West Kootenay. The soil is the best bottom land, and the locality is one of the few places in the Province where so large a piece of good farm land can be found in one block. A river runs through the property, and rainbow trout are plentiful and afford capital sport. Deer abound in considerable numbers. Bear, Wolf, Coyote and other large game are to be found in the hills. There are two creeks recorded and belonging to the estate, one flows all the year round. Limestone and brick clay are to be had in the valley.

The Gattle are well bred; a much larger herd could be farmed with the place. The bunch grass on the hills in the vicinity covers many thousands of acres, and is available to the few land owners in the valley.

The Climate is not severe, the station was for many years the winter quarters of the H. B. Co.'s pack trains.

The Title is Crown Grant. Immediate possession can be given.

The South West Kootenay and Osoyoos Divisions of Yale District, British Columbia, judging from the actual ore products of the mines to date, are destined in the next year or two to be the richest and most important mineral centres in the world.

These localities are rapidly settling up and as farm land is limited great inducement is offered to any person or corporation having capital and knowledge necessary to develop and work these estates. A store, hotel and blacksmith shop could be run in connection with the farm.

P. O. BOX 188. TELEPHONE NO. 74.

WEATHER STRIPS

—FOR—

:—Doors and Windows.

Get them and save your coal.

J. P. BURGESS,
Carpenter and Builder
10 Broughton Street.

VICTORIA ARM.

FOR SALE—One of the finest sites on the Arm. Deep water frontage and running back to Gorge Road. Contains one and one-eighth acres, seven-roomed house, stables, etc. City water laid on. Twenty minutes' walk from tram car. Will be sold cheap. Apply to SWINERTON & ODDY, corner Gornment and Yates streets, or FLINT & PROSSER, Broad street. jo5

"Fire Insurance Policy Act, 1893."

NOTICE is hereby given that His Honor the Lieutenant-Governor in Council has further postponed the commencement of "An Act to secure Uniform Conditions in Policies of Fire Insurance," from the 1st day of April 1894, until the 1st day of April, 1895.

JAMES RAKER,
Provincial Secretary.

Provincial Secretary's Office,
20th March, 1894. fe10-td

NOTICE.

Yates Street, between Broad and Government Streets, is closed to public traffic.

E. A. WILMOT,
City Engineer.

September 10, 1894. se11-tf

NOTICE.

All parties having any claim against the estate of William Boon, of Chimney Creek, are required to file the same with me on or before the 1st day of December, 1894.

A. ISNARDY,
Executor.

no1

MARVELOUS LINIMENT AND MIXTURE

Cures Rheumatism

—AND ALL KINDS OF—

SPRAINS, PAINS AND ACHES.

READ A FEW TESTIMONIALS.

Dean & Cryderman,
Victoria, British Columbia,

GENTLEMEN.—Was troubled with Rheumatism so bad I could hardly walk, and was cured by using your Marvelous Rheumatic Cure.

A. McNEILL,
New York Hotel.

Dean & Cryderman,
Victoria, British Columbia,

DEAR SIRS.—Had a bad sprained ankle, used Marvellous Liniment and was entirely cured in three days.

GEORGE SCHMIDT,
Steitz' Restaurant.

Victoria, B. C., Jan. 17, 1893.

To Dean & Cryderman, druggists.

GENTLEMEN,—With much pleasure I add my testimony to your valuable Marvellous Rheumatic Cure. For three months I suffered terrible pain. Could not move only by the aid of two sticks. I have only taken two bottles of the medicine and two of the liniment, and I can now go without sticks, and hope after the third bottle to go to work.

Yours very thankfully,
S. NORMAN,

No. 48 Oswego street, corner Michigan street.

DEAN & CRYDERMAN

SOLE AGENTS,

Corner Yates and Broad Streets, no14 Victoria, B. C.

SNOWFLAKE FLOUR

FOR FAMILY USE,
IS THE BEST IN THE MARKET.

Ask Your Grocer for It. Have No Other.

MANUFACTURED BY

Red Crown Roller Mills,
ALBANY, OREGON. au1

MATERNITY (ate Samaritan) Home, removed to larger premises, at 190 Johnson street. Applicants please apply at the Home, or to Mrs. Higgins, Cadboro Bay Road, or to Mrs. Flumerfelt, Gorge Road. fe10

CHAS. HAYWARD,

Funeral Director & Embalmer

52 GOVERNMENT STREET, VICTORIA.

★★

The largest and best appointed Undertaking Establishment in the Province.

NOTICE.

All persons having claims against the estate of the late Andrew Samuel Booth, deceased, are requested to send me particulars thereof, and all persons indebted to the estate are requested to pay such indebtedness to me forthwith.

SAMUEL JOHN BOOTH.

oc19-1m

STEAMERS AND SHIPS

PACIFIC COAST S. S. CO

DESPATCH A STEAMER EVERY FIVE days for San Francisco, carrying Her Majesty's mails, from Outer Wharf at 8 p.m

City of Puebla - - Nov. 19

R. P. RITHET & CO.
Agents.

mch26

C. P. Navigation Co., Limited.

TIME TABLE NO. 24

Takes effect Sept. 1, 1894.

Vancouver Route:

Victoria to Vancouver—Daily, except Monday, at 2 o'clock a.m.

Vancouver to Victoria—Daily, except Monday at 13.15 o'clock, or on arrival of C.P.R. No. 1 train.

New Westminster Route:

LEAVE VICTORIA for New Westminster, Ladner's Landing and Lulu Island—Sunday at 23 o'clock; Wednesdays and Fridays at 7 o'clock. Sunday's steamer to New Westminster connects with C. P. R. train No. 2 going east Monday.

For Plumper's Pass—Wednesdays and Fridays at 7 o'clock.

For Moresby and Pender Islands—Friday at 7 o'clock.

For Sidney—Wednesday, at 7 o'clock.

LEAVE NEW WESTMINSTER for Victoria—Monday at 13.15 o'clock; Thursday and Saturday at 7 o'clock.

For Plumper Pass—Thursday and Saturday at 7 o'clock.

For Pender and Moresby Islands and Sidney—Thursday at 7 o'clock.

Northern Route:

Steamships of this Co. will leave for Fort Simpson and intermediate ports the 1st, 10th and 20th of each month at 18 o'clock. When sufficient inducements offer will extend trips to West Coast points and Queen Charlotte Islands.

Barclay Sound Route:

Steamer Maude leaves Victoria for Alberni and Sound Ports the 1st and 15th of each month.

The Company reserves the right of changing this Time Table at any time without notification.

JOHN IRVING, Manager
G. A. CARLETON, General Agent.

Victoria, Sept. 1st, 1894.

GEO. A. SARGISON

NOTARY PUBLIC,

Accountant & Agent,

48 LANGLEY ST.

The Colonist.

FRIDAY, NOVEMBER 16, 1894.

PUBLISHED EVERY DAY EXCEPT MONDAY.
BY
THE COLONIST PRINTING & PUBLISHING COMPANY, LIMITED LIABILITY.

W. H. ELLIS, Manager. | A. G. SARGISON, Secretary.

TERMS:

THE DAILY COLONIST.

Per year (postage free to any part of Canada) $10 00
Parts of a year at the same rate.
Per week (if delivered) 25

THE WEEKLY COLONIST.

PUBLISHED EVERY FRIDAY MORNING.

Per year (postage free to any part of the Dominion or the United States) ..... $ 2 00
Six months 1 25
Three months 75

Subscriptions in all cases are payable *strictly in advance.*

ADVERTISING RATES:

REGULAR COMMERCIAL ADVERTISING as distinguished from everything of a transient character—that is to say, advertising referring to regular Mercantile and Manufacturing Business, Government and Land Notices—published at the following rates: Per line, solid nonparell, the duration of publication to be specified at the time of ordering advertisements:

More than one fortnight and not more than one month, 60 cents.

More than one week and not more than one fortnight, 40 cents.

Not more than one week, 30 cents.

No advertisement under this classification inserted for less than $2.50, and accepted only for every day insertion.

Theatrical advertisements, 10 cents per line each insertion.

Advertisements unaccompanied by specific instructions inserted till ordered out.

Advertisements discontinued before expiration of special period will be charged as if continued for full term.

Liberal allowance on yearly and half-yearly contracts.

WEEKLY ADVERTISEMENTS—Ten cents a line solid Nonparell, each insertion. No advertisement inserted for less than $2.

TRANSIENT ADVERTISING—Per line solid nonparell:—First insertion, 10 cents; each subsequent consecutive insertion, 5 cents. Advertisements not inserted every day, 10 cents per line each insertion. No advertisement inserted for less than $1.50

BABY'S PHOTOGRAPH

IMPERIAL | COUPON No. 15. | STUDIO.

SIX COUPONS OF DIFFERENT NUMBERS AND 10 CENTS.

GOOD FOR

PARTS 1 TO 20 INCLUSIVE

NAME.....

P.O.....

Masterpieces from the Art Galleries of the World.

With three Coupons and 10 cents each part.

THE SCHOOL CURRICULUM.

There are some people in Ontario, as there are in British Columbia, who consider that the teachers of the common schools are required to attempt to teach too many subjects. They want to see the common school curriculum considerably shortened. They contend that it is a waste of time and a misuse of energy on the part of both teachers and pupils to attempt to overload the memories of the children with a mass of words to which it is simply impossible for most of them to attach any significance, and to try to give them a knowledge of subjects which is of no use to them now and which in the future will be regarded by them as so much intellectual lumber. Many contend that this system of cramming injures the minds of the children. Perhaps it does, but we have a notion that a large majority of the youngsters are blessed with a want of intellectual receptiveness that causes this superfluous knowledge to slide out of their memories as readily as rain runs off a duck's back. There are many who wonder how these children, who are constantly forced to study so many subjects, contrive to learn so very little. But it would be quite as reasonable to expect a pint bottle to hold a gallon of water as to hope that children could really learn all that they are so industriously taught. The boy or girl of fifteen or sixteen who had mastered the eighteen or twenty subjects that form the high school curriculum of Ontario and British Columbia would be a kind of intellectual phenomenon, and parents ought to be thankful for what the mere pedagogue calls the "stupidity" of their children that prevents their honestly winning high marks in all their studies. An over-excited brain and a badly developed body is not the sort of capital a boy or girl should have when he or she starts out to do the work of life. Knowledge can can be picked up on the journey, but a constitution once enfeebled does not regain its natural strength readily.

Some of our Ontario contemporaries are strongly opposed to the cramming and forcing system. The Toronto Empire has this comment on the movement commenced in this Province to introduce manual training into the public schools.

In the schools of British Columbia manual training is, by a recommendation of the Minister, to be added to the curriculum. The boys are expected to take to the handling of the saw, axe, plane and other tools for an hour a day with zest. In its way it is an excellent thing for them; but after the lessons have been further shortened by the time given to a variety of fancy subjects, if they have as many in British Columbia as in Ontario, it is no wonder the children never learn to read or write.

The Hamilton Spectator would play havoc with the public school curriculum. It would banish many of what the Empire calls the "fancy subjects," and it would have less time devoted to geometry, algebra and Latin than is now given to these subjects. It even looks askance at grammar as it is now taught. This is part of what it says in its controversy with the Times of that city:

But the Times was quite astray when it jumped to the conclusion that algebra and geometry were the only studies to which the Spectator thinks too much attention is given. That was only an instalment. Another study to which very much too much time is given is grammar. It was bad enough in olden times, when twenty-four simple rules was all that was required to be learned; but the grammar of to-day is a wonderful creation. The book was built to sell to the government, and was built on the principle that the bigger the book the more the profit to the builder. It is a bewildering conglomeration of useless information. Lest the Times becomes rabid in the defense of "Mowat's" grammar, we deem it expedient here to state that that experienced educator, Rev. Dr. Burns, has publicly stated that he very much doubts the utility of the teaching of grammar as it is now taught.

AN ANCIENT INJUNCTION.

The old saying, which we of this century have borrowed from the ancients, "say nothing of the dead but good," speaks well for the amiability and good taste of those who adopted it and tried to put it in practice; but it is quite possible to carry what appears to be charity in this matter just a little too far. It may be interpreted to mean that we should praise those who have joined the great majority without stint, and give them credit for possessing the good qualities they ought to possess rather than those which they did possess. This indiscriminate and unqualified eulogy of the dead is apt to be considered insincere and thus to deprive deserved and heartfelt praise of the influence it ought to have. For instance, some enthusiastic panegyrist has compared the late Mr. Mercier, once premier of Quebec, to Washington. Now, everyone who thinks in prose and wants to tell the truth knows that there is a very long distance indeed between Washington and Mercier. Washington has been considered from the day of his death until now, in his own country and in many other countries, the model of patriots. Mr. Mercier had good qualities, no doubt, and we have no desire to detract from them in the least; but it may be because he lived in the wrong time, or that his environment was not favorable to the development of patriotism, his public life was such that we do not think there are many, either in this country or in any other, who will hold up the late Premier of Quebec to the present generation or to future generations as a pattern patriot or even politician. On the contrary, those who have a knowledge of the public affairs of Quebec will have to admit that Mr. Mercier's administration was not distinguished for either its purity or its success in promoting the welfare of the Province.

It seems to us that the duty of the honest historian of Quebec will be to show where and how Mr. Mercier failed during his premiership to manage the affairs of his Province successfully. This he could do without any uncharitableness or without incurring the reproach of speaking ill of the dead. But, if all Mr. Mercier's contemporaries considered it their duty to say nothing but good of him, the historian, who saw in him indications of failings and weaknesses, would hesitate to tell what he believed to be the truth because of the mass of contemporary evidence that could be cited to prove that he was the very reverse of what in the interests of truth he considered it his duty to represent him to have been. However, in Mr. Mercier's case, there is no fear of the conscientious historian being deterred from giving expression to the conclusions he arrived at by any such consideration. His great difficulty will be from the contradictory descriptions given of him and the various estimates made of his character and abilities, while he was properous and in power, to find out what manner of man he really was.

What the author of the injunction evidently meant was that the failings and follies of the dead should, as a rule, be buried with them, and that their wisdom, their virtues and their good deeds only should be remembered and spoken of. It was surely never intended that the living should attribute to the dead virtues and talents that they did not possess, and good deeds that they never performed.

A MAGNIFICENT PROJECT.

Mr. William Little, of Montreal, has written an open letter to Hon. Mackenzie Bowell on "Trans-Atlantic Rapid Transit." Mr. Little sees but little difficulty in making the journey between, say Montreal and Liverpool, very short and very pleasant. He would take the North Shore road to Quebec and then would enter one of the cars of a new line, which would in a run of some nine hundred miles or so take him to a port of Labrador. Arrived there he would take passage on board a fast ocean steamship, which would make the short ocean voyage in three days. On his return he would start from Liverpool on, say Monday morning, and after an agreeable ocean voyage and a comfortable land journey take his dinner at home in Montreal on Friday evening.

This is rapid transit certainly—on paper—but Mr. Little sees little difficulty of its becoming an accomplished fact. All that is required is the railroad along the north shore of the St. Lawrence and the line of fast steamers from Labrador to some port in Great Britain. It would take money to do this certainly, but, if the business men of Great Britain once become convinced of the advantages of this Northern route, the requisite capital would soon be forthcoming, and it is to familiarize them with the idea of such a route and to convince them that it would be advantageous to the public and profitable to those who might invest their money in it that he has written the letter to the Minister of Customs.

The letter, as may be supposed, is a long one. Mr. Little has many objections to meet, much ignorance to dispel and a great deal of scepticism to overcome. He addresses himself to the difficult task courageously, and with no little ability. It is more than likely that his letter will produce a favorable impression upon persons open to conviction; but as there are not very many persons in any community who are disposed to give a new, and to them a strange, project, their favorable consideration when it is first seriously presented to them, Mr. Little has a great deal of hard and apparently hopeless work before him. But to make a good beginning is a great thing, and he has made a good beginning.

THE OPIUM DUTY.

The question raised relative to charging duty on the leaves and rubbish in which crude opium is packed is evidently one of mere business. The point to be considered is, is this rubbish to be regarded as spart of the "outward ball or covering that is in the tariff" specially exempted from duty. How should the tariff be interpreted? There is really no question of sentiment involved? Would it be fair if a British Columbia merchant imported an article, say whisky or champagne, the covering of which was by statute exempt from duty, to charge the same duty on rubbish necessary for packing the goods as upon the commodity on which the high duty was imposed? It is a principle of British rule everywhere that all men are equal before the law, and it would be un-British and unjust to treat Chinese importers in this matter differently from the importers of any other nation. If Parliament did not consider opium a legitimate article of commerce it had the power to exclude it altogether. It could be placed in the same category as immoral books or obscene pictures. But, having placed it on the tariff and imposed a high duty upon it, it is clearly the duty of the servants of the Government to deal with it as they would deal with any other commodity which it is lawful to import. For our part we cannot see how sensible and fair-minded men can look upon the matter in any other light. The opium trade was "endorsed" when the Legislature of the Dominion Parliament recognized it as a proper article of commerce and when they imposed a heavy duty upon it, and the Council of the Board of Trade did nothing "extraordinary" when they asked the Government to consider favorably the petition of the opium importers to discontinue charging a dollar a pound on the rubbish in which the opium was packed when the Legislature specially exempted the "outward ball or covering" from duty.

THE INCORRECT RETURNS.

The Vancouver World, for what reason it is difficult to say, keeps harping on what any person possessed of common sense must see is an unpardonable piece of negligence on the part of the compilers of last year's Trade and Navigation Returns. In those returns the imports, exports and revenue of Victoria are credited to Vancouver, and those of Vancouver are set down as those of Victoria. The cause of the blunder is very easily seen by those who wish to see it. The order of the British Columbia ports in the table has been invariably: Nanaimo, New Westminster, Vancouver, Victoria. In last year's returns it is Nanaimo, New Westminster, Victoria, Vancouver. Although the names of the two towns have been transposed the lines of figures are in their proper places according to the old style. This is what causes the confusion. The blundering arrangement does Victoria serious injustice, but it is neither wise nor honest to take advantage of it to attempt to magnify Vancouver at the expense of Victoria. In the Trade and Navigation Returns of 1891-92 the names and figures are in their proper order, so that anyone wanting to find out the truth could see from the book that the figures for '91 and '92, as they appear in this year's tables and in the World of Wednesday, are wrong. In that volume, page 528, we find:

1891:	*Exports.*	*Imports.*	*Duty.*
Vancouver	$ 511,599	$1,155,951	$261 061
Victoria	2,779,373	3,515,044	928,678
1892.			
Vancouver	$ 541 600	$1,767,261	$269,631
Victoria	3,037,428	3,639,483	916,119

The figures for the year 1893 are correctly given in the Returns as follows:

	Exports.	*Imports.*	*Duty.*
Vancouver	$ 695,612	$1,180,822	$280 323
Victoria	2,054,105	3,182,733	780,676

MR. RITHET'S SPEECH.

Mr. Rithet's maiden speech will be read with great pleasure by both his political friends and his political opponents. It is a plain straightforward deliverance dealing fully with the subjects mentioned in the Speech, and being much more than a mere echo of it as such efforts frequently are. Mr. Rithet's speech on the Address in Reply promises well for his future career as a member of the Legislature. Everyone knows that he is an able and a far-seeing man of business; his ability as a speaker has so far been only guessed at, but from the way in which he acquitted himself yesterday, it is quite safe to predict that he will make a ready and an effective debater.

In eider down quilts we "down 'em" all. The Sehl-Hastie-Erskine Co.

PAPER CUTTER KNIVES

and KNIVES OF PLANING MACHNES up to 60 inches in length can be ground on an AUTOMATIC KNIFE GRINDING MACHINE in the Engine Room of The Colonist Office.

MISCELLANEOUS.

USE

MEXICAN MUSTANG LINIMENT for Man and Beast!

It quickly cures

Cuts, Burns, Corns, Bruises. Chilblains, Bunions, Cracks between the Toes, Scalds, Piles, Swellings, Ulcers, Stiff Joints, Old Sores, Inflammation of all kinds, Lame Back, Pimples, Rheumatism, Pustules, Caked Breasts, Eruptions, Diseased Tendons, Contracted Muscles, And all Lameness and Soreness.

Langley & Co., Wholesale Agents for British Columbia.

WINDOW SHADES, CURTAIN POLES, POLE TRIMMINGS, LACES, FRINGES, ETC.

Color Books, with latest prices, sent on application to all reliable wholesale and retail dealers. | IMPERIAL SHADES, Superior to all Others.

MENZIE, TURNER & CO., 24 BAY STREET, TORONTO.

VICTORIA REPRESENTATIVE BUSINESS FIRMS OF JOBBERS AND MANUFACTURERS.

LANGLEY & CO. Wholesale Druggists Established 1858.

FINE JAMS AND JELLIES. The same as your mother used to make, to be had at FALCONER'S VINEGAR, PICKLE & JAM WORKS, 126 and 128 Fort St. Telephone 473.

BOUCHERAT & CO. IMPORTERS OF Wines and Liquors.

LENZ & LEISER, Wholesale Dry Goods. LARGEST STOCK IN THE PROVINCE.

BANK OF BRITISH COLUMBIA.

(Incorporated by Royal Charter, 1862.)
CAPITAL (With power to increase.) ..... £600,000, $2,920,000.
RESERVE ..... £275,000, $1,338,333.

HEAD OFFICE: - - - - 60 LOMBARD STREET, LONDON, ENGLAND.

BRANCHES:

IN BRITISH COLUMBIA—VICTORIA, VANCOUVER, NEW WESTMINSTER, NANAIMO, KAMLOOPS AND NELSON (KOOTENAY LAKE).

IN THE UNITED STATES—SAN FRANCISCO, PORTLAND, SEATTLE AND TACOMA.

AGENTS AND CORRESPONDENTS:

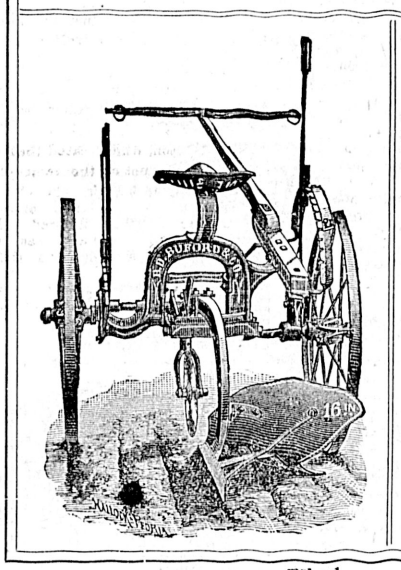
CANADA—Canadian Bank of Commerce, Merchants Bank of Canada, The Molsons Bank, Imperial Bank of Canada, Bank of Nova Scotia and Union Bank of Canada. In UNITED STATES—Canadian Bank of Commerce (Agency) New York. Bank of Nova Scotia, Chicago. In AUSTRALIA AND NEW ZEALAND—Bank of Australasia. HONOLULU—Bishop & CO.

SAVINGS BANK DEPARTMENT. Deposits received from $1 upwards, and interest allowed (present rate) at 3½ PER CENT. PER ANNUM.

Gold dust purchased and every description of Banking business transacted.

Victoria, B.C., July 1, 1893. ap5 GEO. GILLESPIE, MANAGER.

PLOWS, HARROWS, SEEDERS



Buford Sulky Plows, 14 and 16 in. cut, $45.
Oliver Chilled Plows, From $6 and upwards.
Oliver Steel Plows, From $7 and upwards.
Essex Centre, Advance and Frost & Wood Plows.
Spring-Tooth, Disc and Drag Harrows.
Massey-Harris New Style Combined Hoe Drill and Spring-Tooth Broadcast Seeder.

E. G. PRIOR & Co (LIMITED LIABILITY) VICTORIA, VANCOUVER and KAMLOOPS

mrl ap1

TO THE PUBLIC.

HAVE YOU SEEN AT THE SHOW THE

FINE EXHIBIT —OF— STOVES AND RANGES —EXHIBITED BY— GEO. POWELL & CO., CHEAPSIDE, 127 GOVERNMENT STREET.

Victoria Candy Factory Re-Opened.

W. J. Tippins, the Pioneer Candy Man, who, owing to ill-health, retired from business two years ago, has entirely recovered, and has re-opened this well known establishment. Every facility for producing the **Purest and Best Home-made Candies** of all kinds.

— 114 YATES STREET, ABOVE DOUGLAS STREET. — no10-1m

WANTED FOR CASH SMALL COTTAGE in good repair. HEISTERMAN & CO'Y 75 Government Street.

AMUSEMENTS.

GRAND THANKSGIVING EVENT

VICTORIA THEATRE

Wednesday AND Thursday, Nov. 21 AND 22

THE MINSTRELS

VICTORIA AMATEUR MINSTRELS

Under the distinguished patronage of His Honor the Lieutenant-Governor and Mrs. Dewdney.

For the Benefit of the Victoria Lacrosse Club.

A FESTIVAL OF MIRTH AND MELODY.
THE LATEST CATCHY SONGS—SPRIGHTLY DANCES.
GRAND CHORUS OF 35—FULL ORCHESTRA OF 10 PIECES
THE SERPENTINE DANCE—THE GREAT OAKE WALK.
THE LATEST FURORE "POLLY M'GILLICAN'S BAND"
(By special permission of Thatcher's Minstrels)

Look out for the Street Parade. Prices—$1, 75c., 50c. and 25c. Reserved seats at Jamieson's. n11

HOTELS AND RESTAURANTS.

NOTICE.

THE HOTEL VICTORIA

now under the management of MR. E. ESCALET

is being conducted on strictly first-class principles, everything being in the very best style.

Especial Attention is paid to the Cuisine.

EVERY DELICACY OF THE SEASON will be supplied, while the stock of Wines is of the finest French vintage. oc7-tf

QUEEN'S RESTAURANT

COR. JOHNSON AND STORE STS. FORMERLY THE EMPIRE RESTAURANT, NOW SERVES

The Best 25c. Meal in the City.

MEAL TICKETS, $4.00.

Meal Hours from ..... 6 a.m. to 8 p.m.

VOSS & PERRY, PROPS se15

AMERICAN HOTEL YATES STREET

Will be RE OPENED THIS EVENING by James Wishart. First-class liquors and cigars. Open day and night. Cold lunch at all hours. The patronage of old friends and customers solicited. JAMES WISHART. oc24-1m

BUSINESS RESUMED

THORPE & CO'S SODA WATER WORKS

Again in Full Operation, Notwithstanding Fire.

Quesnelle Quartz Mining Co., Ltd.

LOCATION OF WORKS, HIXON CREEK, B.C.

Notice is hereby given that an extraordinary general meeting of the shareholders of the above Company will be held at the Company's office, Quesnelle, B.C., on THURSDAY, the 29th day of NOVEMBER, 1894, at 2 o'clock p.m., for the purpose of taking into consideration the advisability of placing a sufficient portion of the capital stock of the Company under the control of the Directors to enable them to deal with a proposition now under consideration, particulars of which will then be placed before the meeting.

By order, W. A. JOHNSTON, Secretary.

Quesnelle, B.C., Oct. 13, 1894. oc25

NOTICE.

MESSRS. DEANS BROS:

Sirs,—Your cattle have been examined and tested by Tuberculin, and as they are free from Tuberculosis, I am pleased to give you a clean bill of health.

F. S. ROPER, V.S., Inspector of Contagious Diseases in Animals.

With reference to the above we beg to thank our numerous customers for their continued support, and to assure them that we shall always make it a point to supply them with perfectly pure milk from healthy cattle. We also extend our thanks to Mr. F. S Roper and his assistants for the careful manner in which they handled our cattle during the test.

GEO. & J. F. DEANS.

Oakvale Dairy Farm. November 9th, 1894. no11-6t

Highest of all in Leavening Power.—Latest U. S. Gov't Report.

Royal Baking Powder

ABSOLUTELY PURE

AUCTION SALES.

Nov. 15—Furniture, etc. H. Cuthbert & Co.
Nov. 16—The superb contents of "Swallowfield." H. Cuthbert & Co.

THE CITY.

A SOCIAL tea and concert is to be held in the First Presbyterian church next Wednesday evening.

THE Nelson & Fort Sheppard Railway Company have made a general cut in their passenger and excess baggage tariff.

THE American Fish Co. Ltd., of Vancouver, has just secured incorporation with a capital of $100,000 and the following as provisional trustees: A. H. B Macgowan, J. B. Foley, D. W. McLeod, Mark S. Rose and J. M. Morris.

TO DAY at 2 o'clock the city council have a special meeting to discuss what changes the city will ask the legislature to make in the municipalities act. The Old Men's Home trouble is also apt to come in for a share of discussion.

CHIEF DEASY has concluded his inquiry into the cause of the fire at Thorpe & Co.'s soda water factory. The fire was found to have resulted from accident. The damage is estimated at $800 to the building and $2,080 to the stock.

THE undermentioned Fernwood team will play the Victoria College on Saturday next at Beacon Hill: Wriglesworth, goal; Kinsman and Peden, full backs; Donaldson, Wilson and Huxtable, half backs; R. Campbell, L Campbell, W. N. Winsby, W. Winsby (capt.) and Johnson, forwards.

MESSRS. T. H. Hibben & Co., Government street, are in receipt of a full supply of the pamphlet "Women Workers of Canada," being the report of the proceedings of the first annual meeting and conference of the National Council of Women of Canada, of which Lady Aberdeen is the president.

THE members of the Pacific Club intend giving an "at home" next Tuesday evening in their spacious and comfortable quarters. A musical programme will be provided by Professor Buck and dancing will follow that part of the entertainment. Members have the privilege of inviting their friends by securing tickets from the Secretary or Steward at a nominal charge.

A HOST of friends gave Mr. and Mrs. Ben. Temple a pleasant surprise at their home, Egremont Villa, Oswego street, on Wednesday evening. It happened to be Mrs. Temple's birthday, and it was this which her friends had in mind when they visited her. The friends, however, were hospitably entertained, dancing being the principal amusement of the evening.

ON the evening of Thanksgiving Thursday Segher's Council No. 85, Y.M.I, will hold one of their pleasant socials in Institute hall, View street. The floor of this hall has been put in perfect condition for dancing, all the roughness having been overcome by planing, and no doubt the coming social will surpass all previous ones as regards attendance and enjoyment. Admission will only be on presentation of an invitation, some three hundred of which are being sent out.

IN yesterday's reference to the action taken by the board of trade in regard to the duty on opium the statement was made that the reporters were by resolution excluded from the meeting. It may be said in explanation that it was not this particular meeting that the representatives of the press were excluded from, the council meetings for some time past having been held with closed doors, the Secretary afterwards furnishing each paper with a brief memorandum of the business transacted.

FOLLOWING is the team to represent the Wanderers in their match with the Royal Marine Athletics on the Caledonia grounds, Saturday: Wrigglesworth, goal; Hook and Petticrew, backs; Glen, Niven and Deckers, half backs; and Peden, Goward, Johnston, Dick and Livingston, forwards; with Mulligan reserve. The game will commence at 2:30, and should the weather be favorable will undoubtedly be the match of the season. Both teams are evenly matched and are among those competing for the British Columbia championship cup this season. At the meeting held last evening at which the above team was chosen the question of organizing a junior league to compete for a silver cup was considered and favorably discussed, though nothing definite was done.

THE tombola and concert given by the ladies of the working party of Christ Church cathedral last evening, attracted a good attendance. Each person entering received a card on which was a number corresponding to one of the many articles of fancy work, bric-a-brac or other pretty or useful things placed in view on the stage. In the interval of the musical programme the holders of the numbers got the corresponding prizes—there were no blanks. Consequently through the first part of the evening the audience not only had the enjoyment of the music, but also the pleasurable uncertainty of wondering which of the beautiful prizes would fall to him or her. The concert was very enjoyable. The programme was as follows: Selection on the æolian; song, Mr. Roberts; song, Mr. Janion; recitation, Mr. Steavenson; song, Miss Burns; the tombola; piano solo, Miss Briggs; song, Mrs. A Martin; recitation, Mr. Scaife; song, Mr. Kent.

DURING the present session of the legislature a bill will be sought to enable the city of Nanaimo to construct, manage and maintain water works for the city, and granting the council the privilege of taking water from the Nanaimo river above the falls, with power to build flumes, lay pipes, erect dams, acquire lands and do all other acts or things necessary for their purposes. The Nanaimo Water Works Company will also seek an amendment to their act of incorporation "by" (to quote the words of the formal notice) "inserting after the word 'Benson' in the fourth line of section two of the said act the following words: 'and all that portion of Nanaimo river commencing one mile above Stark's falls on said river, and all tributaries thereof as may be necessary to further augment the water supply of the Nanaimo Water Works Company,' together with all such other amendments of the original act or of the said amendment act as may be necessary for the above purposes.'

THE general celebration committee held a final meeting last night but did nothing of public interest.

THE cold storage company to-day will receive a shipment from Dungeness of 100 dressed pigs, 300 turkeys, 50 dressed calves, 100 tons of potatoes and 80 tons of clover hay.

THE steamer City of Seattle arrived in port at a quarter past ten last night, but it was twenty five minutes to twelve before the mails reached the post office from the outer wharf.

CHARLES DICKENS was the subject of Mrs. Watt's lecture at St. Ann's academy yesterday afternoon. Mrs. Watt's next lecture will not be given until the week after next owing to Thanksgiving day falling on Thursday next.

IT will be remembered that on the 12th of last month Mrs Catherine Scott, of Nanaimo, died suddenly and medical opinion at the inquest going to show that the symptoms attending her sickness were attributable to other than natural causes, the coroner's jury recommended that an analysis be made of the stomach. Mr. Carmichael, public analyst, has just finished his examination with the result that he has come to the opinion that Mrs. Scott's death resulted from "eating tainted or rotten food of some description."

APPLICATION wes made in Chambers yesterday before Mr. Justice Crease, on behalf of defendants in Turner v. Price, to dismiss action for want of prosecution or to set day of trial. Trial fixed for January 7, defendants' costs in the cause. Messrs. Bodwell & Irving for defendants; Messrs Eberts & Taylor for plaintiff. Application on behalf of defendant in Kirschberg v. Landsberg was granted to add Samuel Kirschberg and Eva Kirschberg as defendants. Mr. S. Perry Mills for defendant; Messrs. Bodwell & Irving for plaintiff.

SOCIETY will be interested to learn that a local publishing house will in the near future issue for the guidance of all and sundry a "British Columbia Society Blue Book" This will comprise the citizens of Victoria, Vancouver, New Westminster and Nanaimo, the book being a handsome morocco-bound, gilt-edged volume, edited with great care by a gentleman from San Francisco familiar with such work and afterwards revised by a local society leader. The book will contain considerable useful information aside from a list of the upper ten.

IN the city police court yesterday Magistrate Macrae committed to jail for two months at hard labor a Chinaman convicted of stealing lumber from the sewerage works on Fisgard street. The court also promised to deal yet more severely with the next offender. Incidentally Chief Sheppard explained that petty thieving of lanterns, lumber and similar articles since the work of sewer building commenced has been a thing of almost nightly occurrence. In one case recently the stealing of the guide planks necessitated the re-surveying of the entire street.

"DON'T you think we'd better get up a gag on some member of the city council," said Brudder Bones to Tambo while the amateur minstrels were discussing their programme. Tambo agreed. "A 'gag' on some member of the city council, Mr. Johnsing," he replied. "Don't you think if we could get a gag on all of them it would be better still?" And even this gag was declared below par for so great and glorious a show as our home combination of burnt cork entertainers intend presenting on Wednesday and Thursday evenings next. "The people of Victoria have much to be thankful for," as one of the minstrels announces; "they don't know how much yet—and they won't until they see our show."

CABLE NEWS.

German Anti-Revolution Bill.

BERLIN, Nov. 15.—The anti-revolution bill was sent to the bundesrath to-day for the approval of that body. The bill is short and refers chiefly to paragraphs 130 and 131 of the common law, which is extended. The bill contains the following passage: "It shall henceforth be punishable to incite any person in the military service to disobedience of law or order; to glorify criminal acts by word or rioting or to threaten by force or by menacing letters. Any newspaper reporting or printing any such writing or letters will be summarily suppressed pending the sentencing of the persons guilty of such publication."

France in Madagascar.

PARIS, Nov. 15.—A dispatch sent from Tamatave by M. Lemyre de Villiers, special French envoy, says that the French column of evacuation is making good progress, and is expected to arrive at Majung by the end of the month. M. de Villiers will remain at Tamatave, which the Hovas have abandoned. Trade on the Makghasy coast is at a standstill.

Bomb Explosion in Brussels.

BRUSSELS, Nov. 15.—A bomb exploded in a low tavern in Haudong, province of Hainaut. The building was shattered. No arrests have been made.

Look Out For Cold Weather

but ride inside of the electric lighted and steam heated vestibule apartment car trains of the Chicago, Milwaukee & St. Paul Railway and you will be as warm, comfortable and cheerful as in your own library or boudoir. To travel between Chicago, St. Paul and Minneapolis, or between Chicago and Omaha, in these luxuriously appointed trains, is a supreme satisfaction; and, as the somewhat ancient advertisement used to read, "for further particulars, see small bills." Small bills (and large ones, too) will be accepted for passage and sleeping car tickets. All coupon ticket agents on the Coast sell tickets via the Chicago, Milwaukee & St. Paul Railway, or address C. J. EDDY, general agent, Portland, Ore. *

A GOOD DAY'S WORK.

Five Burglars Arrested and Brought Before the Court in One Afternoon.

It is not often that a robbery in which five persons are implicated is ferreted out and all the guilty ones brought to justice in the one day; but such is the latest work to the credit of police officers Palmer and Smith. During Wednesday night Munk's butcher shop, 191 Douglas street, was broken into and a large quantity of fresh and salted meats stolen. Mr. Munk at once reported the matter to the police with the result that officer Palmer set to work on the case. A few days ago officer Palmer happened to visit a cabin on Douglas street, occupied by J. Buchanan, Thomas Stanton, Edward Burns, Richard Hunt and J. Hawkins, and while there was particularly impressed with the surroundings. On seeing the robbery entered on the police records yesterday morning he remembered the place as well as the fact of seeing there a number of sheep tongues. Securing the assistance of officer Smith he set to work on the case. The officers speedily returned to the cabin and found three of its occupants at home. After chatting with the men for a while the officers made known their mission, with the result that all knowledge of the robbery was denied. A careful search, however, was made when almost all the meat was found stowed away. While officer Smith was hunting up an expressman officer Palmer remained on the premises when Burns revealed further evidence of his guilt by putting on a coat which was sprinkled with sawdust and brime. This was at once noticed and connected with the robbery. When the meat was returned to its owner, all but a leg of mutton and a roast of beef were accounted for. On being further searched for in the cabin the mutton was found roasting in the oven. Officer Cameron, who had been sent for, waited with Palmer the arrival of the other men who presently returned and in the afternoon at 3 o'clock the five men were arraigned before Magistrate Macrae, a special session of the court being held in view of His Honor being called to attend another case in Vancouver to-day. All but Stanton desired a summary hearing; he wished to be tried by a jury. The court, however, committed each and all for trial.

MINING CAMP BURNED UP.

The Colorado Town of Goldhill Completely Destroyed by Forest Fires.

BOULDER, Col., Nov. 15.—A forest fire, which originated from a camp fire last evening, has been raging all night and to-day north of the mining camp of Goldhill, a town of 500 inhabitants, fifteen miles from here. The timber is dry and a fierce wind carried it over five miles of dense timber in a short time. Fifty people came here in wagons, mostly women and children. They report that business men and miners were carrying what goods and property they could into the mining tunnels and had abandoned their dwellings. A courier arrived at 1:30 p.m., reporting all the building at Camp Talcott burned except the stamp mill, and that the fire had reached the western portion of Goldhill. Great excitement prevails, as it is believed that many small camps will be burnt. The residents of Goldhill are watching the flames as they consume their homes. The wind is blowing furiously and drives the fire before it in large sheets of flame. The property loss will amount to over $1,500,000. There will be great destitution.

DENVER, Nov. 15.—At 3 o'clock a wind and dust storm struck the city from the north, filling the air so that it was impossible to see across the street for a long time. Many plate glass windows were destroyed. The temperature fell 20 degrees in 30 minutes. Before the storm broke dense clouds of smoke could be seen rolling up the mountains around Goldhill, 40 miles away. At 6 p.m. a wet snow began falling, but is is probably too late too save Goldhill from distruction.

KNIGHTS OF LABOR.

Their Declaration Against the United States Military System.

NEW ORLEANS, La., Nov. 15.—Immediately after the opening of the afternoon session of the Knights of Labor at 2 o'clock a communication was read from Vice-President Robinson, which stated that while the F.M.B A. was not of the same order they were in sympathy in the efforts of the Knights of Labor. Grand Master Workman Sovereign delivered his annual address, which was very exhaustive. He characterized the writ of injunction from the U. S. circuit court for the eastern district of Wisconsin, as a "despotic" injunction, and referring to the American Railway Union affiliation, advised a consolidation with this as well as all other labor organizations. His resume of the Pullman strike terminated with a severe criticism of Major-General Schoefield. He urged that the assembly take strong grounds against an increase of the military forces of the nation and that they "advocate a decrease in the regular army and the abolition of the State militia, for from them are coming to the surface the sentiments of a military despotism" The meeting adjourned to meet at 9 a.m. to-morrow.

—Gold,
—Silver
—And
—Nickel
—Watches
—At
—Rock
—Bottom
—Prices
—At
—Davidson
—Bros.,
—Jewelers

se14

You cannot do better than to buy the best when purchasing carpets; the best are kept by Weiler Bros.

CHEMICAL IVORY....

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Superior in many respects to Elephant Ivory.

They are quite as elastic and will not break, crack or shrink.

BILLIARD SUPPLIES OF ALL KINDS.

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Mr. J. Alcide Chaussé
Montreal, P. Q.

A Marvelous Medicine

Whenever Given a Fair Trial Hood's Proves Its Merit.

The following letter is from Mr. J. Alcide Chaussé, architect and surveyor, No. 153 Shaw Street, Montreal, Canada:

"C. I. Hood & Co., Lowell, Mass.:

"Gentlemen:—I have been taking Hood's Sarsaparilla for about six months and am glad to say that it has done me a great deal of good. Last May my weight was 152 pounds, but since I began to take Hood's Sarsaparilla it has increased to 163. I think Hood's Sarsaparilla is a marvellous medicine and am very much pleased with it." J. ALCIDE CHAUSSE.

HOOD'S Sarsaparilla CURES

Hood's Pills cure liver ills, constipation, biliousness, jaundice, sick headache, indigestion.

NOW FOR....

..NOVEMBER..

In order to greet this Winter opening month in a manner befitting its importance to the Dry Goods trade, we propose to make prices on Heavy Goods so low that buyers will not need to wait 'ill shrill-voiced wintry winds draw attention to the necessity of warm clothing. You can't get ready too soon.

THIS WAY.

BLANKETS—Heavy Grey, $1.90, $2.25, $2 90, $3 40.
BLANKETS—Arctic White, $2,50, $3,65, $4.75 $5 90.
BLANKETS—Super White, 60x80 inches, $3 45.
BLANKETS—Southdown, No. 200, $3 00, $5,75, $6 50.
The above are direct from the mills, and are great value.
FLANNELS—The real McKay, heavy and good, 15c.
FLANNELS—28 in. wide, twill and plain, 20c. and 25c.
FLANNELS—Best quality, 28-inch, Chambly and St. Hyacinthe mill, regular 40c., now 30c.
FLANNELETTES—Nice colors and fair quality, 15 yds. $1.
FLANNELETTES—Good, wide, English make, twilled and plain, 10c. and 12½c.
QUILTS—Real Arctic Eiderdown, $5.75 to $25.00.
QUILTS—Cotton-filled, from 75c. to $4 00.

In our Showroom on second floor, we have a fine line of Ladies', Misses' and Children's Puritan Underwear, in Vests, Drawers and Combinations. Also "The Challenge," the best 50c. Black Cashmere Hose in the city.

J. HUTCHESON & CO.

THE WEST SIDE, November 3rd, 1894.

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CLOTHING, BOOTS AND SHOES.

BOYS' REEFERS.

Best value ever offered by us. $2.00, $2.50, $3.00 and $3.50.

BOYS' OVERCOATS,

With Long Capes. A nice comfortable and serviceable article, from $2.00 up. A splendid coat for $3.50.

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For the smallest boys. These goods have been made specially for us; good long cape; guaranteed waterproof; $5.00 and $5.50

MEN'S MACKINTOSHES.

We sell double the quantity of any other house in the city, consequently we have a better assortment and stock always fresh. We have not an old Mackintosh in our store. Our coats range from $8.50 to $22.00.

UMBRELLAS,

In Silk from $2.50 to $8.00; Alpaca from $1.00 to $2.75; cheaper ones from 50 cents up.

GILMORE & McCANDLESS,

Nos. 35 and 37 Johnson Street

CASH

TAKES less room than Hats, and so to get your cash in our safe and our hat on your head, we have almost cut the price in half.

HATS, $1.50 all styles and sizes

These were formerly sold at $2.50.

W. J. JEFFREE

The Golden Rule Clothing Store
Cor. Yates and Douglas Sts.

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—GREAT REDUCTIONS.—

Waltham Watch Co., P. S. Bartlett, (stem wind) ..... $ 8 00
Appleton, Tracy & Co. 15 00
(all new movements)
Low grades from 4 00
Elgin Watch Co., B. W. Raymond 15 00

SPECIAL—CLOCKS.

Eight-Day Cathedral Gong, striking hours and half hours, $7.50.

S. A. STODDART,
Practical Watch-maker. 63½ Yates Street.
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TO WHOM IT MAY CONCERN.

We, the undersigned, Rattray & Hall, Coal Merchants, and Sole Agents for the Wellington and Comox Coals in the City of Victoria, hereby declare that all the Coal delivered from our Yard is sold to weigh full 2000 pounds to the ton net, weighing of said Coal being under our personal supervision, and our scales are certified to officially by the Weights and Measures Department. We are the only firm handling the genuine old reliable Wellington Coal in the city.

RATTRAY & HALL.

Victoria, B.C., Oct. 25, 1894. oc25-1m

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MADAME LAIRD,

TEACHER OF VOCAL MUSIC IN ALL ITS BRANCHES.

For terms apply at the Studio, at the rooms of the Victoria School of Music, 43½ Government street, and at residence, 161 Vancouver street, corner Pandora. se30

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MR. A. F. OWEN

Pianoforte Tuner, from J. and J. Hopkinson the well-known manufacturer of pianofortes, London, England; 12 years' experience. Particulars as to my ability may be had from the above firm. 3½ years with Goodwin & Co., Victoria.
Orders left at Hibben's Bookstore and Waitt's Music store. ja10

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DRESS AND MANTLE MAKING.

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Autumn term begins Monday, Sept. 10, 1894.

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PRIVATE INSTRUCTION in arithmetic, mathematics and other subjects; bookkeeping a specialty; to those taking the regular course, a thorough knowledge of the subject guaranteed. Room 22, Vernon Block. James Kaye. oc30-1m

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Late of London, England, general family and obstetric practice, with special attention to diseases of children and diseases of the chest and stomach; over twenty-five years' experience; many years a member of the British Homœopathic Society, British Gynæcological Society and Pathological Society of London. Dr. Williams may be consulted at all hours at his office and residence, 94 Pandora, near Quadra street, city. Telephone 153. jy17

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PROVINCIAL LEGISLATURE.

First Session of the Seventh Parliament.

SECOND DAY.

THURSDAY, November 15, 1894.

The Speaker took the chair at 2 p.m.

ADDRESS IN REPLY.

MR. RITHET rose, amidst applause, to move that an humble address be presented in reply to the speech of His Honor the Lieutenant Governor. He was glad, he said, to be able to congratulate the government upon the confidence which has been shown in them by the electors of the country in again returning them to power with such a large following; and he congratulated also the country on the fact that the government are to be aided, as they no doubt will be, by the able, experienced and patriotic gentlemen on the opposite side of the house. Most of these honorable gentlemen have been known to him for a number of years, but he had not before had the pleasure of meeting them as their colleague in this Legislative Assembly. While he had to regret that they are on the opposite side of politics (laughter), he held them in the highest esteem, both personally and politically. (Applause.) When the interests of the country are before the house, he was convinced that not only those on the government side but those on the opposition side as well will sink all party feeling, and strive which can do most to further those interests. Thus directed, under just and liberal laws, he had confidence that the province will continue to advance. The depression referred to in His Honor's address no doubt increases considerably the care and responsibilities of both the government and the legislature, atd until the conditions outside the province are improved we can hardly look for any rapid improvement in many of our most important local industries. Nevertheless, every encouragement should be and no doubt will be given to the investment of capital, which is the first and great essential in this connection. The large losses by floods in the early part of the present year caused much distress to many worthy settlers, and the action of the government in rendering such prompt and needed help will, he felt sure, meet with the hearty approval of every member of the house, as will also any steps which may be proposed with the view of guarding against a recurrence of such a calamity, even if it should be necessary to ask substantial financial assistance. But in the opinion of many this responsibility falls more properly upon the Dominion government, and he had no doubt that this view will be urged with all force possible by this government and legislature upon that government. The action taken by His Honor and the government to correct the wrong reports which were circulated as to the loss of life, he thought all would agree was highly commendable. He considered it most fitting that the loss to the province of the late Chief Justice, Sir Matthew Baillie Begbie, should have been mentioned in the speech of His Honor. He was sure that there can be but one opinion as to the services rendered to this province by that most worthy official. Perhaps to him more than to any other man in this province it is indebted for its reputation the world over as a law-fearing and law-abiding country, because of his fearless but just administration of the laws in the earlier days of its settlement. He felt sure all would be pleased to learn that there is a healthy reaction setting in in nearly all our principal productive industries, which for some years have suffered so much from the depression which has prevailed in the markets of the world. To this country the gold, coal, lumber, salmon, quartz and sealing industries have been all important, and any improvement, either in the demand or prices, cannot fail in being beneficial to the citizens generally. The deep sea fishing will, he hoped, be added to the list of successful industries before the next meeting of the legislature. The encouragement given to the development of quartz mining in the Kootenay country by the building of the Nakusp & Slocan railway, he hoped, would satisfy the house of the prudence of their action in giving the guarantee which secured the construction of that line, and would induce further steps in the same direction, when and where required. It will take another year to give the house returns showing the likely results of operating this railway, but it seems more than probable that the hopeful anticipations will be realized, and that the charge, if any, is not likely to be a large one upon the resources of our country. (Applause.) The maintenance of friendly relationship with the Dominion government upon all matters of common interest being most desirable, he thought personal interviews by the ministers the most effective way to a harmonious and satisfactory settlement, and was confident that the matters named as having been dealt with by the Attorney General on his late visit, would be moved with satisfaction when they are placed before the house so as to enable them to form a ready and intelligent conclusion. One of the great questions which he thought must occupy attention at the present session, and which must commend itself to every member of the house, is that of the settlement of this province by industrious and desirable settlers, accustomed to agriculture, experienced in and not afraid of the hardships attendant upon an early settler's life. (Hear, hear.) Such he took the colony of Norwegians to be which the government have been instrumental in placing on the Northern Coast. All will watch with more than usual interest the progress of this pioneer colony, and accord hearty support to any assistance required to make it a success. The recent visit of His Excellency the Governor-General and the Countess of Aberdeen has, he felt sure all would agree with him in saying it, been a pleasure to everyone in British Columbia, for the hearty enthusiasm which greeted their welcome throughout the province affords ample proof of this. It is particularly gratifying, he felt sure, to every member of the Legislature to see that the subject of further railway extension, for the development of the province and its resources, is one to which attention has been called. (Hear, hear.) So great in extent and varied in its resources as it is, the province can only be opened up by large expenditure. To be satisfied we are warranted in making it is a pre-requisite of this. As a firm believer in our country, and from an intimate knowledge of its varied resources, he did not hesitate to say that it is well worthy the investment of the capital necessary for its development, and can well afford to bear the outlay required without unnecessarily burdening the people. In proof of this it is only necessary to point to the fact that in whatever direction our province has been made accessible, whether by rail, water, or wagon road, development has followad, and as these facilities are increased and improved, so will development and prosperity follow in an increased ratio year by year. All know that the greater portion of the province, although known to be rich in natural resources, remains for want of proper facilities practically undeveloped. Holding as they do at the present time the destinies of the province in their hands, to a large extent, it seems the duty of the legislature to see that their actions are directed by firmness and boldness, tempered with prudence and judgment. We must be progressive; we must not remain stationary or retrogression will follow. When therefore any proposition for the further development of the province, within the lines outlined, comes before the house he felt more than confident that it will receive due and careful consideration, not only from the government side of the house but from the opposition as well. (Applause.) He was glad to observe that the estimates were to be prepared with economy. With governments as with individuals, economy must be practised in time of dullness and depression. Efficiency, however, must always be kept in view, and properties which have been acquired for the public convenience, at public expense, must not be neglected. He had no doubt that although the showing for the past year may not be what all might wish it to be, yet it will prove to be such as to show the earnestness and care of the government over the welfare of the province in general. (Applause.)

MR. SMITH, on rising to second the motion, complimented the mover upon the able manner in which he had addressed the house. (Hear, hear.) Taking up the subject of the financial depression he said he considered that the people of British Columbia should be thankful that they are in so good a position as they are, when they see the condition of other countries. Though the floods had destroyed a good deal of property in the upper country as well as along the lower Fraser, in the former districts it was mainly government property, and therefore this did not call for the assistance to private individuals which he was glad to see had been rendered by the government in the Fraser valley. He re-echoed the sentiments of the mover that the people of British Columbia as a whole, and especially those who were here in she early days, regret the loss of the late Chief Justice Begbie, who had to so great an extent laid the foundation for the future peace and prosperity of the country. All would agree that the mining development noted by His Honor is a subject for general congratulation. He rejoiced to hear that already a large traffic is awaiting the Nakusp & Slocan railway, and if now it thus is in a fair way to be a paying institution it would no doubt in time be highly profitable. (Hear, hear.) He referred to the brightening prospects of old Cariboo, in the way of mining, which he considered a most gratifying fact. As for his own district the returns showed that in the year just closed nearly every single head of revenue showed an increase over former years. The farmers had had good crops and the miners had been well rewarded for their labors. (Applause.) In the matter of railway development he considered it the duty of the government to do all that is possible in this direction, as the rich lands available for settlement cannot be utilized without roads, to afford the settlers means of communication which make it possible for them to profitably cultivate the land. He thought it would be well for the government to take into consideration the advisability not only of building railways where needed, but also of building connecting wagon roads, especially and first of all to the settlements already in existence. He would call particular attention to the necessity for a road from Lytton along the Fraser to Lillooet, which he was glad to say has been partially promised. He anticipated the day when the increased settlement will give the government sufficient revenue to enable them to get along without borrowing, but in no other way than by increasing settlement could this be brought about. (Applause.) He thought the undoubted richness of the country sufficient warrant for all to work together to secure its speedy development.

MR SEMLIN, before entering upon the duty of criticism devolving upon him as leader of the opposition, wished to offer hearty congratulations to the hon. member who had moved the motion now before the house. Mr. Rithet has in the past been eminently successful in all his undertakings, and the assembly was to be congratulated on the accession of one who has proved himself to be so thoroughly a business man, for the benefit of the admission of such men to the councils of the country is a matter as to which there can be no two opinions. (Hear, hear.) He hoped Mr. Rithet would be just as cautious and prudent in dealing with the business of the province, and would approach it in the same spirit, as in the case of his own private business, for then the country would have every reason to be congratulated. In anticipation he would now offer congratulation to that gentleman on his election, and would express the hope that time would show him warranted in this anticipation. It was, as he felt sure every member of the house would say, a pleasure to hear the address so ably moved by so new a man. (Applause.) It was pleasant, also, to hear the seconder of the address advocate a policy which would so nearly meet the wants of the people of the interior. (Hear, hear.) As to the financial position, the further loan foreshadowed in the Lieutenant-Governor's speech was he considered a matter for general regret, as he thought the province should cease these annual borrowings and endeavor to live within the revenue. He was not impressed with the predictions with respect to the Nakusp & Slocan railway and the probability of its being a paying or profitable concern, for he had in mind the precisely similar predictions made and not fulfilled in the case of the Shuswap & Okanagan railway. He would not take up just now the subject of the guarantee of the principal and interest of the cost of that road ——

HON. MR DAVIE—Hear, hear!

MR SEMLIN hoped the house would indeed "hear hear" from the hon. gentleman on that subject before long.

HON. MR. DAVIE—Hear, hear! (Laughter.)

MR SEMLIN continuing contrasted the government's policy in the matter of the Nakusp & Slocan road with their treatment of the Nicola valley railway scheme, only half the cost of which had been proposed to be guaranteed, with the result that while farmers had risked all they possessed upon the expectation of its early construction the road has not yet been commenced except for the turning of the first sod. If the province could guarantee the interest and principal of the cost of the one road, he would like to know why it could not do so for the other. He agreed with what was said in His Honor's speech about the late Chief Justice Sir Matthew Begbie, who was a central figure whom those he left behind might well admire and emulate. He left full of age and honor, and his moral footsteps might with advantage be followed. Respecting the elections he could not be expected to agree with the statement of the mover of the address that the country is to be congratulated on the return of the present government, especially when that return had been brought about by the cry of a solid island against a solid mainland. He held that the sectional cries had emanated from the government side. If the country is to be congratulated on intensified sectional feeling, upon a financial deficit, upon increased borrowing, then it is to be congratulated on the return of the present government, but not otherwise.

HON. MR DAVIE said it was a source of very great pleasure for him to be able to remark that a session of the legislature had never opened under more auspicious circumstances, for there was evidently a desire on the part of members on both sides of the house to carry on the business in the best interest of the country, without the personal bickering and wrangling which in the past had interfered with the course of legislation. (Hear, hear.) He congratulated the mover and seconder upon their addresses, and it would be the endeavor of the government to show that the confidence expressed by those hon. gentlemen has not been misplaced. It would be their endeavor not merely that the government should retain office, but that they should retain the confidence of the house by so carrying on the business of the province that the interests of the whole community may be best served. The government he felt would deserve to hold the reins of power only so long as it can merit the confidence of the people by carrying out good measures, and directly it cannot do so, for its own peace of mind, it would be only too glad to surrender its trust. He congratulated the leader of the opposition upon his very moderate address, and he congratulated the opposition on their choice of a leader. He had watched closely their proceedings on this point, and he had felt gratified when they selected a gentleman for whom, though they differed in politics, he had a warm personal regard. He had known Mr. Semlin for more than twenty years, and had always found him a gentleman above and beyond anything of a questionable character. (Hear, hear.) He had no doubt that with his new responsibility he would continue to exhibit the noble qualities which have caused him to be respected heretofore. At the same time there were some statements to which that gentleman had given expression that he must dissent from. It must be confessed that at times he appears to take a mistaken view of affairs, at all events the country seems to have come to the conclusion by a large majority that his side does so. (Laughter.) Respecting the cry of "a solid island against a solid mainland," he could tell the house that such an expression was never made use of until after the ballots were cast on the 7th of July, and never by candidates in the government interest at all. Because of the floods, it happened that the elections could not all be held on the same day, as intended when the writs were issued, and the returning officers had to postpone several until a good while later. It so happened that the whole representation of Vancouver island were found to be supporters of the government, and for the purpose of creating a feeling against the government some unscrupulous politicians asserted that the watchword which had led the government to success on Vancouver Island was "a solid island against a solid mainland." (Hear, hear.) That was a libel upon this side, upon the government and their supporters, because never had any such expression been made use of by them. When, therefore, the opposition called upon the people of the mainland, with more or less success, to come to the aid of the weaker party, the appeal had some effect. That no doubt was the cause of the defeat of the late Chief Commissioner of Lands and works by a very narrow majority, for he (Mr. Davie) had no doubt that if the election in that hon. gentleman's constituency had taken place on the 7th of July the government would have been as successful in that constituency as in the majority of others. As it was, however, some of the people seemed to believe that there was something like a conspiracy on the part of the island against the mainland, and that they had better be on their guard. There never was, however, anything to justify such a belief for one moment. The government had not in contemplation anything but equal justice to all portions alike, and to govern the country for the general benefit of the people. He was glad to hear Mr. Semlin introduce some new matters into his address, though sorry that he had harked back to some that had long ago been disposed of—that were as they would say in law res judicata, and not permitted to be argued over again. Starting as they were with a clean sheet now he hoped that on neither side would they rake up old exploded issues, which the people had given their quietus at the polls. He asked that they should consider the business which came before them in the light of the present and future. The matters of the past were beyond praying for. Though last year and the year before the statement was constantly made that the government, although in a majority in the house, represented only a minority of the votes, the people themselves have taken that matter in hand, and by a count of individual votes throughout the country the government is largely in the majority. He considered it a mere waste to go again into matters already settled. The leader of the opposition had taken issue with the mover of the address respecting the Nakusp & Slocan railway, in Mr. Rithet's hopeful prediction that the road will prove a success and not a costly matter for the province, and he told the house that we heard the same about the Shuswap & Okanagan, which is now costing a large sum to the country. In other words, the leader of the opposition's effort is to show that the aid given to both of these roads will prove a burthen to the province. Yet he takes the government to task in almost the same breath, because it has not extended the very same aid to the Nicola Valley railway, the success of which, as an enterprise, is not yet beyond peradventure, although we all confidently hope that it will be proved to be so. Surely he could not blame the government for declining to take a leap in the dark. In the matter of this Nicola & Spence's Bridge railway the government had not seen its way clear to give a grant of $7,000 a mile as authorized, for the very good reason that the Canadian Pacific Railway company have not seen fit to take the lease which was to have been a condition of the government's assistance, so as to secure its operation when built. The C.P.R. consider its success a matter of doubt. The leader of the opposition is in error if he supposes that the government has not kept the subject of this railway in view. In August last, soon after the elections, he had written to Sir William Van Horne, and it would be no breach of confidence for him now to read from the answering letter he had received, as follows:—

"I have your letter of the 25th. We have been trying to find somebody to investigate the Nicola coal in place of Mr. McNeill, but so far without success. Those whose opinions would weigh with us seem to be all engaged in their own work and unable to get away for so long a time, and I am quite unable to say how soon we are likely to get hold of the right kind of a man. You can readily understand the importance we attach to this matter. The Nicola Valley road without coal would be an expensive burden to us, and it would be also a very bad investment for the province. Our directors will certainly not commit themselves in the matter in the absence of very positive knowledge about the coal, and those interested in the enterprise cannot reasonably expect us to take any chances in the matter. My own opinion is that they should, under the supervision of a competent coal mining expert, not alone drill test holes over large enough an area to prove the continuity and the reasonable uniformity of the coal beds, but they should also sink a shaft to the coal, so that its value may be definitely known.

"(Sd.) W. C. VAN HORNE."

It must be admitted, Mr. Davie continued, that the C. P. R. people know their own business; and they say it would be a bad thing to go ahead without proper investigation. How in the world, in the face of this, could the government rush ahead and give the aid which Mr. Semlin suggests? If he blamed the government in the Nakusp & Slocan matter he would blame it in this with ten times greater force. (Hear, hear.) Dealing with the financial condition of the province, Mr. Semlin had said that during the past six years the government has been borrowing to carry on the ordinary affairs of the country, but he should be more careful in his language. Ordinary affairs means the payment of salaries and the general business of the government. Does the hon. gentleman think that the loans have been spent for these purposes? Does he not know that on the contrary the government have spent on roads, streets, bridges and wharves, and other works of public utility, over two million and a quarter dollars in the six years ending June 30, 1893. This was plainly set out in the speech of the Minister of Finance last session—a speech which has never been challenged in any respect. Mr. Davie here read from the speech to show the nature and amount of these capital expenditures. Yet in the face of this, he continued, Mr. Semlin says that the money borrowed—less than the sum mentioned—was used for "ordinary expenses"! He ought to weigh more carefully the effect of his words, for, without his intending it, they are calculated to deceive. Such extravagant statements helped not a little to cause the bad luck of the opposition in the late contest, for the government speakers who followed on their trail had no difficulty in exposing them. In the matter of the attempt at retrenchment, and the criticism of the fact that while the government had knocked off $12,000 in salaries of clerks, they had employed these clerks again as temporary assistants under special warrants, that was a trifling matter. It was true that in a few cases some of the discharged clerks had been kept on temporarily at other work. For instance, it became necessary to have all the wills copied—a very desirable precaution in case any of the originals should be destroyed by fire, and the young fellows who had been in the government service not being able readily to find other employment were given a few months' work in copying. He noticed a complaint by the leader of the opposition that members of the government had gone round before the elections but not at other times, but did not the opposition do the same? (hear, hear)—Mr. Sword and Mr. Kitchen for instance, who had never been heard from outside their own constituencies until election times. The leader of the opposition says the house meets with a deficit of half a million dollars, but this is not so. There has indeed been a falling off in the revenue, although even that is not so with respect to the actual taxes payable, for there has been rather an increase. But the real estate tax has gone to a greater extent to the municipalities. Then there has been a diminution in Chinese revenue. We have not sold lands to so large an extent, and thus have not received the same returns from land sales. There has been a decrease under certain heads of the receipts, as shown, but not any falling off in the revenue such as has been alleged. But for the general business depression, no doubt, there would have been a large increase in the taxes received. It has been the same with the government as with private individuals. There was one practice which he hoped would not prevail in this house, and he mentioned it now because perhaps although the leader of the opposition had been mild in his attack no doubt the government would hear more from others. In previous years it had unfortunately been the habit to wait until some particular minister had spoken, and was thus by the rules of the house prevented from being heard from again in that debate, and then for the big guns of the opposition to sail after him when he had no opportunity of reply. Respecting the road to Lillooet he rather thought the present government had been the first to put anything in the estimates for that purpose. There were, however, not very many settlers along the way—how many? he asked.

MR. SEMLIN—It will connect two towns of the province.

HON. MR. DAVIE continued that these towns, it must be remembered, already have facilities for communication, and if the proposed new connection does not pass through any settlement it is not so necessary or immediately desirable as would otherwise be the case, but it will be constructed far sooner under this administration than it would be by the opposition if in power, and the government had taken a vote last session towards its construction. Again congratulating those who had taken part in the debate for the manner in which it had been conducted, the Premier took his seat amidst applause.

MR FORSTER prefaced what he had to say with the remark that what he has seen since his election has been enough to make him one of the opposition if he had not been one before.

CAPT. IRVING—What have you seen? (Hear, hear)

MR. FORSTER said he would tell the house later but not now. (Laughter.) He complained that two men in Westminster had been discharged because of their politics, and that no supporter of the opposition could get a government job there. He would be very careful how he voted on a proposition to borrow more money. The principal reason which had been given for bringing the house together two months earlier than usual was the expenditure caused by the floods in the Fraser river valley——

HON. MR DAVIE—No; the floods throughout the province.

MR FORSTER continued that the floods in the Fraser valley cost more than the damage elsewhere, and there the total was only $30,000.

HON. COL. BAKER—For seed.

MR. FORSTER held that the speech did not as it should have done state the real reason for calling the house together; if it was the deficit this should have been said. He was not disposed to blame the government where blame was not called for, and with respect to one member at least, the Minister of Education, he would say that that minister appeared to rule his department very well. He hoped that if any railway scheme is to be presented for consideration it will be one for the benefit of the province generally, and that if there is any grant of public money to build any road the province will have some interest in the property.

MR. SEMLIN, as a matter of privilege, and in reference to the remarks of the Attorney General as to attacks on ministers after they had spoken, suggested that if speeches were delivered alternately from either side of the house the matter complained of would not be so likely to occur.

HON. MR DAVIE—My hon. friend must remember that there are more members of the opposition than of the administration.

MR. SEMLIN said his reference was to members on the government side outside of the administration.

MR KENNEDY defended his predecessor, Mr. Brown, from the attacks made on him for the statement made during the campaign, that the revenue was steadily going down, down, down. He held that the financial statement showed Mr. Brown to have been justified. He noticed that the mover of the address said nothing about the timber reaction mentioned in the speech, for that gentleman probably knows that the statement is just a little doubtful. (Laughter.) As a lumberman he wished to say that he had not felt it yet, and was afraid he would not feel it this year.

MR. SEMLIN—How about that alternating?

HON. MR. DAVIE—Well really I cannot interfere. The members must be at liberty to speak when they choose.

DR. WALKEM, criticising the speech of the leader of the opposition, said he considered that gentleman had himself acquitted the government from blame for the falling off in the receipts when he spoke of the depression which made it difficult for the time being to collect the taxes. As to the charge of sectionalism, he could say that he had not heard it used anywhere on the island before the election. His constituency of South Nanaimo, for instance, was not strongly bound toward the southern part of the island, though by trade and other considerations it was in a measure bound to the rising city of Vancouver, but the strings had been so strained that they were in serious danger of being broken because of the bad company kept by the members elected by Vancouver. When he went to Vernon after his own election one of the first persons he met was Mr. Semlin, whose greeting was, "Here's one of the solid islanders!" (Laughter.) As to the matter of the Nicola Valley railway he wished to say that in Vancouver the other day he was told that the principal use of the road would be to enable coal to be brought down there by rail to compete with the Nanaimo coal, and if this were to be done, and coal brought all the way down there by rail and sold cheaper than that from Nanaimo, then all he could say is that the man who digs it will suffer in his wages. If, as Mr. Forster says, men have been discharged because of their favoring the opposition, it must be because they spend their time talking politics instead of attending to their work. (Hear, hear.)

MR. GRAHAM said he wished to refer particularly to changes which he desired to have made in the mining law with respect to the size of claims and otherwise. He also advocated a reduction in the government charges to miners for recording and improvement certificates.

MR SWORD said he observed with regret that the speech contained no promise that the defects in the redistribution act are to be remedied.

HON. MR. DAVIE—We don't know that there are any defects.

MR. SWORD reiterated his regret that the speech should have been silent as to these defects.

HON. MR DAVIE—What are the defects? (Hear hear.)

MR. SWORD said he would certainly have liked to see a promise that the government would bring down a bill to deal with the representation on some principle applicable to every part of the province. He found that the Nakusp railway bonds had been issued as 4 per cents, whereas in Westminster the Premier said they had been issued at 3½ per cent. interest.

HON. MR. DAVIE—Oh, no! What we said was that it was intended to issue at that rate.

MR. SWORD confessed he had not looked the matter up, but he held that the cost of the loan exceeded that estimated to the legislature, and that the cost of the second scheme will be more than that of the first would have been. He thought it rather to be regretted that there was not more going through the country, as if the people better understood the issues the result might have been different. If there had been an inquiry here as in Newfoundland perhaps it would have resulted similarly.

HON. MR. DAVIE—Why didn't you have one?

MR. SWORD—I am not sure that the election act here would permit it.

HON. MR. DAVIE—You never tried to find out if it would.

MR SWORD said that though the opposition get credit for being well organized unfortunately their organization is not sufficient to permit them to contest some of these elections. He advocated that the government should furnish seed to those poor farmers who will need it next spring.

MAJOR MUTTER said, without making a lengthy speech, he wished to remark that it sounded strangely to him to hear the leader of the opposition advocating that public works should be carried out, while objecting to borrowing the necessary money. Did he wish it to be provided by taxing those whom he (Mr. Semlin) described as "already groaning under increased taxation"—though such is hardly the case in at least some parts of British Columbia. Newfoundland having been mentioned, he wished to point out that the old government seemed likely to be soon in power again. He could not agree with the idea conveyed by Mr. Sword's remarks that the government should institute a kind of poor-law system in this country.

MR HUME wished to call attention to the fact that the roads and trails in his constituency are in a bad condition. He endorsed the recommendations of the member for East Yale with respect to the mineral act. He was glad to see that the government has taken hold of the matter of the recovery of small debts, something which would be very acceptable in his part of the country. He congratulated the leader of the opposition on the temperate manner in which he replied to the movers of the address. (Applause.)

MR. KELLIE said he wished to call the attention of the house and government to the fact that the Nelson and Fort Sheppard Railway Co. would not receive ore from the Trail creek mines at Waneta, in British Columbia, but compelled the steamer to take it to Northport, in United States territory. He hoped the government would look into this matter and have it rectified. Referring to the Nakusp and Slocan railway he said the government deserved great credit for the prompt and energetic manner in which they had pushed the construction of that railway, thus opening up the Slocan mines. In behalf of his constituents he wished to thank the government, for if they had not acted promptly in the matter of giving this railway, the rapid strides in mining development would not have taken place, and those interested in opening up the mines would have left the country. (Hear, hear.) He felt convinced that in a very few years West Kootenay would produce from fifteen to twenty-five million dollars annually. The district is not only a great silver district, but he felt satisfied it is equally rich in gold. The district of West Kootenay would be the salvation of British Columbia. The U.S. Indians from Colville reservation should not be allowed to come into the district, where at present they ill use and intimidate settlers. This government has no jurisdiction in Indian affairs, it is true, but he hoped they would make strong representations to the Dominion government. Our own Indians (the Kootenays) were not allowed by these Colville Indians to go into certain sections of the district and they had also been threatening and ill-treat-

Continued on Page Seven.

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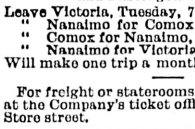

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PROVINCIAL LEGISLATURE.

Continued from page Six.

ing settlers. In fact one of the settlers, Samuel Hill, had to kill an Indian in self-defence to save his own life. Referring to remarks made by representatives of mining districts, suggesting that the legislature go back to the act of 1891, he said that the government had at some expense four years ago appointed a commission to revise the mining laws, and he was one of the commissioners who spent between two and three months in the work. The act of 1891 had no sooner come into force than an agitation was started to repeal the very sections now again being advocated. He strongly opposed changing the act them, but now, since several years had elapsed and many locations had been made on the vertical side line principle, he was afraid a change back to the act of 1891 would create confusion. He hoped the government would still pursue the same progressive policy in opening up the province. In his district there are probably some two or three hundred thousand acres of good land, principally in the Big Bend, Fish Creek and Mosquito valleys. What is wanted is a vigorous immigration policy. (Hear, hear.) The government should send out immigration agents to the Eastern provinces and bring in people used to handling the axe. He believed that in this respect Canadians are a better class of settlers than people from the old country, and that one good Canadian is worth two or three old country settlers, not because they are better men, but simply because they are used to handle an axe and could clear land more readily than those who could not use the axe. The settlement of the lands in West Kootenay would keep in the district hundreds of thousands of dollars for agricultural products that is now being sent out of the district. (Applause.)

MR PRENTICE, proceeding to deal with the subject of the finances, took the Premier to task for having, as alleged, said that there was no deficit last year.

HON. MR. DAVIE—Excuse me; I never said that at all.

MR PRENTICE proceeded to figure upon the extent of the deficit, and he called upon the Minister of Finance to say whether his accounts or the Premier's statement is at fault.

HON. MR. DAVIE—It is yourself who is at fault. (Laughter.) You have not stated correctly what I said. (Applause.)

HON MR TURNER said, having been requested to do so, he would make an explanation, which is that the hon. member for East Lillooet is altogether mistaken in what he understood as the meaning of the Premier's remarks. The Premier had shown that the revenue from taxes had not materially fallen off, but that the receipts from land sales had decreased very largely. He wished to emphatically deny again the statement made by Mr. Brown during the campaign, that the revenue of the province is steadily declining, the fact being that the revenue from taxation has not only not declined but has steadily and rapidly increased during the years to which Mr. Brown referred. That gentleman's successor had just said that his words were proved true because the revenue had by the accounts of last year shown a decrease, but they proved nothing of the kind. The expenditure of the money realized from the loans had brought about a large increase in the revenue, having brought in settlers to develop the country. The government did not attempt to take all the credit for the prosperity of the country, neither should they be asked to take the discredit when a comparative collapse came on the country as it did last year. The depression felt all over the world had not fully struck British Columbia until last year, and then it affected every department of taxation. He hoped, however, that the country had got to the bottom of it and that a brighter period is before it. In answer to Mr. Forster's criticism he showed that the government had in the period to which that gentleman had alluded "squeezed out of the ordinary revenue" almost a million dollars for public works. Mr. Forster was radically wrong when he said that education alone is costing less than before, for he had not taken into consideration the amount received in the heavy year from the cities, which is not refunded now as the plan is different. With reference to the sale of the Nakusp bonds at 4 per cent. instead of at 3½, as was the intention, a moment's reflection would show that though guaranteed by the government they are not government bonds and could not be expected to sell quite so high. They had sold at a premium of 6 or 7, instead of as would otherwise have been the case at a discount which would have had to be made up by the government from other sources.

MR. PRENTICE—Tell us what the real deficit is.

HON. MR TURNER said if the hon. gentleman would look at the balance sheet presented he would see what he had not told the house, viz., that on the 30th of June there was on special deposit in the Bank of British Columbia a sum of upwards of $300,000. It was true that the special deposit had been reduced in the year, for a considerable amount had been spent on the new buildings. As to the cry of sectionalism—it had been first raised in his hearing by Mr. Forster, who had made the statement that but for a few districts about Victoria the roads in the Delta would have their fair share spent upon them, when the fact was that though the roads he referred to were in municipalities they were receiving large expenditures from the government—a good deal more than their share.

MR. KIDD moved the adjournment of the debate. Agreed to.

EAST LILLOOET REPRESENTATION.

HON. MR. DAVIE introduced a bill in relation to the representation of the East riding of Lillooet electoral district. He stated that this election is now the subject of inquiry in the courts, the trial having been adjourned recently until December 3, there being a number of witnesses to be brought down from the upper country. It is not considered advisable that the district should be disfranchised in the meantime, and the parties have therefore come to an agreement whereby the petition against the return of Mr. Prentice has been abated and the election will be declared to be void at the end of the present session. It seems there were several irregularities which need not now be discussed. The election was a very close one indeed, and he considered that the parties have shown very good sense in agreeing to the introduction of this bill. The election law as at present would not, without such a bill, permit the matter to be disposed of in this way.

Bill read a first time; second reading to-morrow.

THE SPEAKER announced that the latest edition of "May" has been received, is now in the library, and will be his guide in the future.

The house adjourned at 5:45.

NOTICES OF MOTION.

HON. MR. TURNER—That the Speech of His Honor the Lieutenant-Governor at the opening of the present session be taken into consideration on Tuesday next.

MR SMITH—That in the opinion of this house it is not advisable to open the restaurant to supply meals to the members of the Legislative Assemby during the present session.

QUESTIONS BY MEMBERS.

MR. SWORD—When was the guarantee on the bonds of the Nakusp & Slocan railway given and to what amount?

MR. IRVING—By what authority does County Court Judge Bole try criminal cases? Has he the powers of a Supreme court judge, more particularly when a Supreme court judge is available?

DESIRABLE IMMIGRANTS.

Large Numbers of Scandinavians in the United States Seeking a Home in This Province.

Indications point to a large number of thrifty, well-to-do immigrants making their home in the province by next spring. Delegates representing two large parties of Scandinavian farmers living in Dakota and Minnesota are now in the city, and yesterday had an interview with Hon. Colonel Baker, minister of immigration. They were shown the terms of settlement—similar to those agreed to by the party recently settled at Bella Coola—and are quite satisfied with the conditions. The delegates will go up to see the lands available for settlement, and it is the intention to place the immigrants, some on the mainland and others on excellent land already surveyed at the northern end of the island. These are by no means the only parties who want to come to the province. From various parts of the United States negotiations are being opened with the government by a good class of Scandinavian farmers anxious to come to British Columbia, and a number of New Brunswick farmers have also signified their wish to migrate to this province. All these people are a very desirable class, many of them provided with ample means and all with money enough to settle down to work in their new homes without any outside help. The government will of course give every facility to the immigrants to pick out suitable land for them to settle upon.

Learn how to strop your razor, at Fox's, 78 Government street. A fine line of strops just arrived.

$2 PER ANNUM

THE PIONEER NEWSPAPER

$2 PER ANNUM

The Weekly Colonist

ESTABLISHED 1858.

Most Interesting Weekly Newspaper Published in British Columbia.

Every Issue Contains Full Local, Provincial and General News.

SEND IT ABROAD.

Information about British Columbia is now sought for in every quarter of the English-speaking world. There is no better evidence of the progress and prosperity of the Province than that furnished by the character of its Newspapers. It is universally conceded that THE COLONIST is first among the excellent Newspapers of British Columbia. If you desire to advise your friends abroad on matters pertaining to this Province, you can use no more accurate and convincing argument than furnished you in THE WEEKLY COLONIST.

READ IT AT HOME.

Residents in every section of the Province should read THE WEEKLY COLONIST if they wish to keep posted on the News of the World, the News of the Province, or on the Political Situation—Provincial, Dominion or Imperial. THE COLONIST is ably edited, supplies the cream of the Local and Foreign News, and furnishes a vast amount of general information valuable to every reader. The ladies are not forgotten, for the Fashions of the Day and other matters peculiar to women are described and illustrated by clever people. Your family will be more intelligent by constantly reading British Columbia's Great Weekly.

FOR $2 PER YEAR

THE WEEKLY COLONIST will be sent, postage free, to any part of Canada or the United States. To all European countries, the postal charge per copy is 2 cents, making the paper $3.00 per year. You can send your subscription direct to the office of publication, or pay it to any authorized agent. You can subscribe for it at any time. The best time is now. Address all letters to

The Colonist Printing & Publishing Co., Ld.,

VICTORIA, BRITISH COLUMBIA.

ADMINISTRATOR'S NOTICE.

In the Supreme Court of British Columbia.

In the matter of the Goods of Robert Williams, Deceased, and in the matter of the "Official Administrator's Act."

Notice is hereby given that by an order of the Honorable Mr. Justice Tyrwhitt Drake, bearing date the 20th day of October, 1894, I was appointed Administrator of the Estate and Effects of Robert Williams, late of the City of Victoria.

The Creditors of the Deceased are, on or before the 10th day of December, 1894, to send by post, prepaid to the undersigned, their Christian and surnames, addresses and descriptions, the full particulars of their claims, a statement of their accounts (verified by statutory declaration), and the names of the securities (if any) held by them, or in default thereof all claimants will be peremptorily excluded from any benefit of the said Estate.

All persons indebted to the said deceased are requested to pay such indebtedness to me forthwith.

W. MONTEITH,
Official Administrator.

Dated this 20th day of October, A.D. 1894.
oc21-1m

PUBLIC NOTICE.

The undersigned will make loans from $1 to $1,000 on any approved security.

VICTORIA LOAN OFFICE,
133 Government Street.
private entrance on Pandora Street. oc18

NOTICE.

Persons owning property on streets along which sewers are now being laid are requested to furnish information at the office of the City Engineer as to the manner in which they wish their premises connected with the public sewers.

E. A. WILMOT,
City Engineer.

September 10, 1894. se11-tf

NOTICE

Notice is hereby given that an application will be made to the Board of Licensing Commissioners in and for the City of Victoria, at its next sitting, for a transfer of my retail liquor license to sell wines, spirits and other liquors at the premises known as the Albion Saloon, situate on the north west corner of Yates street and Waddington Alley, in the City of Victoria, to Henry Rutber and Charles Dixon, both of the City of Victoria.

Dated the 7th day of November, 1894.
no7-de12 HENRY HARRIS.

A CARD.

OAKLANDS, VICTORIA, Oct. 31, 1894.

Mr. Watson Clark:

Dear Sir,—This is to certify that your 18 head of cattle are free from Tuberculosis, as they have stood the recognized test of tuberculin; am pleased to give you a clean bill of health.

Yours respectfully,
F. S. ROPER, V.S.,
Inspector of Contagious Diseases of Animals.

With reference to the above I beg to thank my numerous customers for their continued support, and to assure them that I shall always make it a point to supply them with perfectly pure milk from healthy cattle. At the same time I wish to express to Mr. F. S. Roper my appreciation of the careful manner in which he and his assistants handled my cows.

WATSON CLARK.

Oaklands Dairy, Nov. 3, 1894. no4-6t

NOTICE.

Notice is hereby given that application will be made to the Licensing Board at its next sitting for a transfer to Phillip Phillips, of Victoria, of the retail liquor license held by me for the sale of fermented and spirituous liquors upon the premises known as the Royal Hotel (Trade Dollar) situate on the northeast corner of Douglas and Fort streets, in the City of Victoria.

Dated the 6th day of November, 1894.
no7-30t S. WHITLEY.

NOTICE

NOTICE is hereby given that an application will be made to the Licensing Board at its next sitting, for a transfer to Geo. E. Fisher, of Victoria, of my license to sell wines and liquors by retail upon the premises known as the "Elk," formerly the "Standard" Saloon, situate on the southeast corner of Pandora and Douglas Sts., in the city of Victoria.

Dated this 3rd day of November, 1894.
no6-30t LIONEL DICKENSON.

NOTICE

Is hereby given that application will be made to the Legislative Assembly of the Province of British Columbia at its next session for an Act to revive the "Pacific Telephone and Cable Act, 1893," and to amend the said Act by extending the time for the commencement and completion of the undertaking authorized by the said Act and otherwise.

Dated at Victoria, the 12th day of October, 1894.

C. DUBOIS MASON,
oc13-6w Solicitor for Applicants.

SHORTHAND.

Pitman's system, taught in twenty-five lessons for $25. Proficiency Guaranteed. Address 3 Centre Road, Spring Ridge. ap14

The Colonist.

FRIDAY, NOVEMBER 16, 1894.

THIS PAPER

IS ON SALE AT THE FOLLOWING PLACES IN THE UNITED STATES:

SAN FRANCISCO—
Palace Hotel News Stand.
L. P. Fisher, Room 11, Merchants' Exchange.

SEATTLE—
A. T. Lundberg & Co., 2d and Pike streets.
J. T. Riggs, P.O. News Stand.
Ward's News Stand, 109 Columbia.
Allair & Stramfil, 104 S. 2d street.
Butler Hotel News Stand.
Rainier Grand News Stand.
Norther Hotel News Stand.
Lowman & Hanford, 616 Front street.
The Calvert Co., 716 Front street.
Gillman News Stand, Yesler avenue and Commercial street.
Taft & Clark, 2d and Madison streets.
Standly, W. P., 518 2d street.
Sutton & Allen, 2d street.
Arlington Hotel News Stand.
B. C. News Company.

TACOMA—
News Stand, Tacoma Hotel.
Funk's Book Store, corner 11th street and Pacific avenue.

PORT TOWNSEND—
French & Springer's.

THE THERMOMETER.

ESQUIMALT STATION, NOV. 15, 1894.
Report for 24 hours ending 9 p.m.

1 a. m..	39°	Mean	The velocity and direction of the wind were as follows:
5 a. m..	36°	37°	
9 a. m..	37°	Highest	5 a.m.—Calm
1 p. m.,	44	45°	1 p.m.—Calm.
5 p. m..	38°	Lowest	9 p.m.—2 W.
9 p. m..	31°	31°	Rain—.00.

Average state of weather—Fair.
Sunshine—7 hr. 54 min.
E. BAYNES REED, Observer.

PASSENGERS.

Per Steamer CHARMER from Vancouver—J Mellon, H Doyle, J Shearer, Mrs Painburgh, T Kains, J Steele, Justice Drake, John Hendry, R Hamilton, J A Cunningham, John Crean, G Stevens, Mrs Stevens, J Campbell, J J Godfrey, A R Davies, J R Morgan, Mrs Webster, E Cook, A McEwen, F S Hussey, W Leigh, Mrs Sillitoe, Mrs Feeney, R King, Mrs Cook, W C Cunningham.

Per Str. YOSEMITE, from New Westminster—Mr and Mrs Rowlands, Mrs Miffens, Miss Leach, Mr and Mrs Shepherd, Miss Harrison, Mr and Mrs Lippten, E A Wolff, G Price J McKeever, R J Barton, F Davis, G McPhadden, R Hope, J Locke.

Per steamer GEO. E. STARR from the Sound—F Shaffer, J Watson, O R Kurtz, G H Morkell, R Edwards F L Bangs, Mrs Hoyle, G Paulson, W C Beale, C Linder, T M Edwards.

CONSIGNEES.

Per Str. YOSEMITE, from New Westminster—R Porter & Son, L Goodacre, B C Cattle Co, B & K M Co, F F Raitte, R Boorman, H Bornstein, Speed Bros, R Beauchamp, J C Calhoun, R J Matthews, S Leiser & Co, Wing Kee, W Marchant, J C Henderson, W Christie, Perry & Turner, Miss B Whittaker, C E Renouf, H B Co, J H Todd & Son, O'Brien & V, T F Sinclair.

Per Steamer CHARMER from Vancouver—V T & Dray Co, S Leiser, H B Co, J Piercey & Co, J Horner A B Erskine, W Smith, Can Gen Elec Co, Langley & Co, C A Godson, Caverhill & Hughes, R Jamieson, T B Pearson, B & K M Co, Wilson Bros, T Shotbolt, T Edgar, D Starr, C Braund, T B & Co, Watson & Geiger, R Maynard, S H E Co, A McGregor & Son, Hall & Co, D Spencer, T N Hibben, P McQuade, W Duncan, Cream Bro, J Lukey, L & L, T R Stewart, Clarke & P, J H Todd, Martin & R, T Earle, Wilson Bros, Vic Elec Co, G Phillips, Hong Lee H Bornstein, J Angus, Thorpe & Co, W Blackie, Dom Exp Co.

Per steamer GEO. E STARR from the Sound—R P Rithet & Co Ltd, S M Hartman, J Wilson & Co, P McQuade & Sons, Vic E R & L Co, Chesney & Son, and G N Exp Co.

BIRTH.

DOOG—On November 14th, at Mount Tolmie, the wife of Douglas D. Doog, of a daughter.

PERSONAL.

Hon. Justice Drake is back from the Mainland.

Henry Doyle, of San Francisco, is at the Driard.

E. J. Palmer, of Chemainus, is at the Driard.

Miss S. Cameron will spend the winter with friends in California.

W. C. Cunningham, a Hamilton commercial man, is at the Driard.

Mrs. W. J Goepel left Wednesday evening to join her husband in Nelson.

Surveyor General Tom Kains arrived home from the Mainland last evening.

Barrister John Campbell, of Vancouver, is paying Victoria a professional visit.

John Hendry arrived down from Westminster last evening, and is a guest at the Driard.

Mrs. Sillitoe is visiting friends in the city; she arrived down from the Fraser yesterday.

F. S Hussey, superintendent of provincial police, returned from the Mainland by last night's Charmer.

James and Mrs. Dunsmuir and Miss Dunsmuir left for California last evening by the overland route.

R. Hamilton, a well known Vancouverite, came down on the Charmer last evening and registered at the Driard.

J. C. Henderson, Chilliwack; A. McEwan, Ashcroft; and H. Lipsett, Dungeness; are at the Oriental.

J. E. Clifton, Tacoma; and J. A. Cunningham, Westminster; are among the arrivals at the New England.

J. Procter, St. Paul; H. W. Scott, Millstream; and Leo Daft and wife, Seattle; are guests at the Hotel Victoria.

Hon. Forbes G. Vernon, who leaves for Europe shortly on an extended visit, was given a farewell banquet by his friends on Wednesday evening.

John McNab, inspector of fisheries, who has been to Nanaimo to collect statistics for his annual report to the department, was in town yesterday on his way home to Westminster.

The members of the Clement Rowlands Concert Company—Clement and Mrs. Rowlands, Mrs. Mifflin, Miss Leech and E. A. Wolff—returned from New Westminster yesterday.

BILLIARD CHAMPIONSHIP.

Schaefer Does Not Defeat Ives in the Great Match at New York.

NEW YORK, Nov. 15. — The billiard match between Ives and Schaefer was concluded to-night, resulting in a victory for the latter, the score being 711 to 600 The highest run made by Schaefer was 244, and by Ives 177. The average for the night's play was: Schaefer 54 9-13, and Ives 42 6-7, and the grand average is, Shaefer 36 29-49, Ives 48 48-49. The total score of the series so far is: Ives 2,400 Schaefer 1,793.

I X L Carving Set at Cheapside.

The best fruit kettles, at Cheapside.

PORT ARTHUR PREPARING.

Chinese Preparing for a Vigorous Resistance to the Japanese—The Mediation Question.

LONDON, Nov. 15.—The Daily Graphic has this dispatch from Tientsin: "Chinese reports emanating from Port Arthur are to the effect that the Chinese still hold two forts at Talien Wan and have repulsed the Japanese after desperate fighting. The Japanese are said to be closing gradually round the Chinese position. At Port Arthur preparation has been made for the Japanese attack, and the garrison is resolved to offer a vigorous resistance. Part of General Sung's army has retaken Kinchow and Motien Ling. The Japanese were routed and pursued for miles."

The Central News has this from its Shanghai correspondent: "General Wei has been beheaded in consequence of the defeat of the Chinese army under him suffered at Ping Yang."

From Chemulpo the Times has this dispatch: "The rebellious Tonghaks are very active. The Japanese armed 600 Korean soldiers and dispatched them against the rebels, whom the Koreans joined. The Tonghaks are issuing notices declaring that the King is a prisoner and must be delivered. They quote a secret message from the King appealing for help."

The Daily Chronicle's Rome correspondent says: "The Pope follows the war in the East with interest, hoping that the collapse of China will favor the Christian propaganda. He wishes, after the war, to establish a hierarchy in China, and he will negotiate with Japan for diplomatic relations.

SHANGHAI, Nov. 15.—In accordance with the demand of the British government the forts at Taku this morning saluted the British steamship Chun Kang, which was boarded by Chinese soldiers last August. The Chinese government will also degrade the Taotai Sheng who was responsible for the outrage and apologize.

TIENTSIN, Nov. 15.—Officials of the Chinese government this morning made the apologies demanded by the British government officials for the outrage committed by the Chinese soldiers on the steamship Ching Kang in August. The Ching Kang was saluted by the guns of the Taku forts and the required apology was made to the British minister.

BERLIN, Nov. 15.—Germany has replied to the solicitation of China that the former mediate between the latter and Japan, declining to intervene unless both Japan and China apply to Germany for mediation.

WASHINGTON, Nov. 15.—It is stated here in official circles that Japan has not yet accepted the invitation of the United States to submit the question of peace with China to our mediation. While the statement is probably literally correct, there is reason to believe that Japan has requested, as a preliminary to action upon our invitation, that she be informed explicitly just what terms China has to propose as a basis of a treaty of peace.

It is becoming more evident that the interference of European powers is a stumbling block in the way of a settlement of the war through the mediation of the United States, nearly all having interests in the East which they regard as paramount to our own. An official who has given much attention to the subject is of the opinion that Russia will never consent to anything that looks like an indefinite occupation of Korea by Japan, unless she is herself allowed to take possession of a portion of Korea for the Eastern terminus of the Siberian railroad. France is reported to have demanded a coaling station on the island of Formosa, and Great Britain has reached out for the island of Chusen.

The Japanese minister has received the following cablegram from the Japanese government: "Our army occupied Talien Wan on the afternoon of the 8th inst., having destroyed the Chinese torpedoes. Our fleet, transports and torpedo boats are safely anchored in the bay. The torpedo station, with ignition equipments, charts of submerine torpedoes, 80 cannons and telephone line were captured."

THE KAISER'S ADVICE.

He Tells His Troops That to Be Good Soldiers They Must Be Good Christians.

BERLIN, Nov. 15.—In the Lustgarten today the Emperor administered oaths of allegiance to some new recruits, and in his address said: "I greet you as my soldiers. To be good soldiers you must be good Christians. You will have to guard and fight for the welfare of the Fatherland; always remember that the colors before you must never be insulted. Obey the oath you have taken and be courageous, despising death."

BURNED AND SCALDED.

Terrible Accident in an Iron Foundry—Results of the Bursting of a Boiler.

MUNCIE, Ind., Nov. 15.—A horrible accident occurred here this evening in which five men were dangerously burned and scalded. The men were employed at the Muncie muck bar mill, in which are located five large boilers. This evening the end of a mud drum cracked and burst The stream of hot mud, boiling water and steam was thrown along the entire length of the mill and fell on the five men who were at work. They were carried to their homes and physicians were summoned. Two of the five are thought to be fatally burned.

RUSSIA IN POLAND.

General Gourko Preparing a Memorandum of the Situation.

VIENNA, Nov. 15.—The Austro-Polish papers are indignant at General Gourko's refusal to allow a Polish deputation to attend the funeral in St. Petersburg. It is said that despite his enfeebled health, General Gourko will go to see the next Czar, taking with him a memorandum which paints the action in Russian Poland in the darkest colors, and urges the necessity of maintaining the existing system there.

Smallpox at Stratford.

STRATFORD, Ont., Nov. 15.—There is a case of smallpox here.

Missing Man's Body Found.

KINGSTON, Nov. 15.—The dead body of Wm. Wilson, who with John Burton left Calabogie on November 5 for the Upper Madawaska, has been found four miles above the former place where his boat upset. The body of Burton has not yet been found.

Lamp shades in large variety, full range of colors and designs. Weiler Bros. *

Hinde's hair curlers and crimpers at Fox's, 78 Government street.

Fruit jars, at Cheapside.

Linen crumb cloths at Weiler Bros. These are suitable for dancing purposes. *

NEWFOUNDLAND CRISIS.

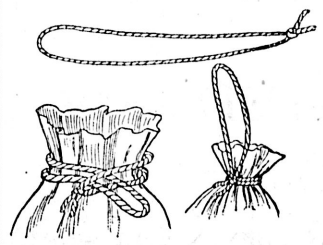
The "Times" Thinks the Goodridge Government Should at Once Resign.

LONDON, Nov. 15.—The Times will say to morrow in summing up the results of the Newfoundland elections: "The Governor's refusal to dissolve parliament has been fully justified. The result of the polling may be explained by the assumption that the electorate considered that an unfair advantage had been taken of the technical points in the new act to secure the recession of the Whiteweyites. We feel that the Goodridge government, which is the embodiment of constitutional purity or nothing, ought to justify its own existence by its strict regard of the constitution in view of the situation. Perhaps its simplest and best course would be to resign immediately."

TO TIE AND HANG A BAG.

A Useful Device by Which the Closed Bag May Be Quickly Opened.

The careful housewife finds many uses for both paper and cloth bags. She has occasion to use one or more nearly every day of her life, and what a tedious matter it is to fasten them properly and then when the time comes for opening them to untie the unruly strings that have served as fasteners. The Household has sketched a neat little de-



DEVICE FOR TYING BAGS.

vice, one that provides a speedy and effectual method of tying, hanging and untying storage bags of paper or cloth.

When the bag is filled, take the twine, cord, tape or whatever material is chosen for a tie string, fold it in the middle and tie the two ends together in a solid knot with two little ends, pass the doubled cord around the neck of the bag and slip the whole end through the knotted end. Draw the loop through and pull it up as tightly as possible. The bag will then be tightly closed, and there will be a long loop of the cord by which it may be suspended, the weight of the contents constantly serving to tighten the closure.

To instantly open the bag, with no bother of untying strings or cutting or picking out knots, drop the suspension loop, take hold of the two little ends, give them a downward pull, and the bag is opened. You find yourself with the long doubled cord in your hand, ready to use again and again, and you wonder why you never made use of the simple little patience saving device before.

The Dress Suit Case.

The traveling bag known as the dress suit case was, says the New York Herald, originated about 35 years ago. For about 30 years it was used almost exclusively for the purpose indicated by its name. About five years ago it began to grow in favor as a bag for general use, and its sale as such has since increased rapidly. Its thinness made it easier to carry, and it was less wearing on the clothes of the person carrying it. Things packed well in it, and it was a convenient bag to stow under a berth in a sleeping car, and it commended itself generally as an all around bag.

It was said at a well known trunk and bag establishment that of all the traveling bags of that size now sold probably 50 per cent are dress suit cases. Probably less than 10 per cent of these are bought for the exclusive carrying of dress suits. The large majority of them are bought for use as regular traveling bags. They are made in various sizes and depths, the deeper ones being known as deep dress suit cases.

Hanging Shelves and Brackets.

In designing hanging shelves, cabinets or brackets it is well to bear in mind that any weight put upon the shelves tends to pull the nail by which the whole concern is held out of the wall. If the shelf is deep, it may be loaded to the edge, and thus exert a great leverage. It is well, therefore, to make the shelves as narrow as they can be and yet be serviceable. Again, the nearer the point of suspension is to the shelf the greater the leverage exerted by the latter upon the nail or hook which supports it. It is best, then, to make a hanging cabinet tall and shallow, or, if another shape is required, at least to hang it from near the ceiling by long cords, says The Art Amateur.

Creamed Cauliflower.

Separate the cauliflower into sections and throw into strong salt and water to remove insects. Cook until tender in water which is slightly salted. Remove to a vegetable dish and thicken a part of the water in which the cauliflower was cooked, with flour stirred smooth with thick cream. The sauce must not be too thick, but so that it may be poured easily. Pour it over the cauliflower, dot with bits of butter and serve hot.

GRATEFUL—COMFORTING.

EPPS'S COCOA

BREAKFAST—SUPPER.

"By a thorough knowledge of the natural laws which govern the operations of digestion and nutrition, and by a careful application of the fine properties of well-selected cocoa, Mr. Epps has provided for our breakfast and supper a delicately flavoured beverage which may save us many heavy doctors' bills. It is by the judicious use of such articles of diet that a constitution may be gradually built up until strong enough to resist every tendency to disease. Hundreds of subtle maladies are floating around us ready to attack wherever there is a weak point. We may escape many a fatal shaft by keeping ourselves well fortified with pure blood and a properly nourished frame."—Civil Service Gazette.

Make simply with boiling water or milk. Sold only in half-pound tins, by grocers, labelled thus:

JAMES EPPS & CO., Ltd., Homœopathic Chemists, London, England. oc16

Apollinaris

"THE QUEEN OF TABLE WATERS."

"REIGNS ALONE AMONG NATURAL DIETETIC TABLE WATERS."

"ITS NUMEROUS COMPETITORS APPEAR TO HAVE ONE AFTER ANOTHER FALLEN AWAY."

British Medical Journal.

MANCHESTER :: HOUSE,

88 YATES STREET.

SPECIAL LINES REDUCED FOR THIS WEEK.

20 dozen pairs Kid Gloves, usual price $1.00 and $1 25, reduced to....	65c
Berlin, Shetland and Andalusian Wools, (to clear) per ounce	5c
30 dozen Ladies' Black Cashmere Hosiery, per pair.....	25c
White Hem-stitch Handkerchiefs, each	5c
White Embroidered Lawn Handkerchiefs, each.....	12½c

DRESS GOODS—

Tweed Dress Goods, 56 inches wide, reduced to.....	50c per yd
Melton Cloth, 54 inches wide, reduced to.....	75c per yd
Diagonal Serge, 52 inches wide, reduced to	85c per yd
Hopsacking—Navy, Brown and Fawn.....	65c per yd

MANTLE DEPT.—

Our Jackets and Mantles are all German manufacture, therefore we can warrant a good fitting garment.

Jackets from.....	$3 00
Ladies' Capes, beaver trimmings, only.....	6 00
Children's Ulsters from.....	2 50

MILLINERY—

A choice line of Trimmed Millinery always on hand. Special Styles in English Walking Hats and Sailor's.

MANCHESTER HOUSE. T. HAUGHTON & CO.

GUARANTEED LEVEL PREMIUM RENEWABLE TERM RATES

ON EACH ONE THOUSAND DOLLARS INSURED.

WHY PAY HIGH RATES for Life Insurance when you can carry from one to twenty thousand dollars at sidementioned rates in the Provident Savings, an old line company of the highest possible standing.

For further information apply to

HENRY CROFT,

—OR—

S. MATSON.

au18-3m-eod

	For Twenty years.			To Age Seventy.		
	An'l.	S'i-An'l.	Q'rly.	An'l.	S'i-An'l.	Q'rly
25	$13 75	$7 15	$3 72	$15 71	$8 18	$4 25
26	14 00	7 28	3 80	15 97	8 31	4 33
27	14 25	7 41	3 85	16 20	8 42	4 38
28	14 50	7 54	3 92	16 46	8 56	4 45
29	14 75	7 67	3 98	16 72	8 69	4 52
30	15 00	7 80	4 06	17 00	8 84	4 60
31	15 25	7 94	4 13	17 30	9 00	4 68
32	15 50	8 06	4 19	17 61	9 16	4 76
33	15 70	8 16	4 24	17 94	9 33	4 86
34	15 88	8 26	4 30	18 29	9 52	4 95
35	16 04	8 34	4 34	18 65	9 70	5 04
36	16 24	8 44	4 39	19 04	9 90	5 15
37	16 44	8 55	4 45	19 45	10 12	5 26
38	16 68	8 67	4 50	19 89	10 35	5 39
39	16 92	8 80	4 58	20 44	10 63	5 53
40	17 20	8 94	4 65	21 05	10 95	5 70
41	17 48	9 09	4 73	21 69	11 28	5 87
42	18 05	9 39	4 88	22 38	11 04	6 05
43	19 05	9 91	5 15	23 11	12 02	6 25
44	20 16	10 48	5 45	23 89	12 43	6 49
45	21 40	11 13	5 79	24 72	12 85	6 69
46	22 76	11 84	6 16	25 60	13 31	6 93
47	24 26	12 62	6 56	26 54	13 80	7 18
48	25 92	13 48	7 01	27 53	14 32	7 45
49	27 73	14 42	7 50	28 60	14 87	7 74
50	29 72	15 45	8 04	29 72	15 45	8 04
51	32 14	16 71	8 69	30 92	16 08	8 36
52	34 80	18 10	9 41	32 18	16 73	8 70
53	37 70	19 60	10 19	33 52	17 43	9 07
54	40 85	21 24	11 04	34 94	18 17	9 45
55	44 27	23 02	11 97	36 45	18 96	9 86
56	47 60	24 75	12 87	38 04	19 78	10 29
57	51 25	26 65	13 86	39 72	20 65	10 73
58	55 00	28 60	14 87	41 49	21 58	11 22
59	59 10	30 73	15 98	43 37	22 56	11 73
60	63 40	33 01	17 17	45 34	23 58	12 26

IT COSTS NOTHING

To inspect our full range of Carpets, Rugs, Curtain Materials, but it certainly pays . . . . . .

TO BUY "CROSSLEY'S" CARPETS

The most durable and effective Carpets made. We are Sole Agents in Victoria. Our line of Curtain Materials include Cretons, Muslins, Serges, Felts, Chenilles, Velours, Malys, etc. . . . . .

WEILER :: BROS.

51 TO 55 FORT STREET.

A. M. BRODZIAK & CO.,

General Merchants, Importers and Exporters.

SHIPPING AND COMMISSION AGENTS.

SUVA, - - - - FIJI.

Advancs Made Against Consignments. de15

BABY'S PHOTO.

Cut Six Coupons of different numbers from THE DAILY COLONIST and bring them, together with 10 cents, to this office and secure a Photograph of your Baby WITHOUT CHARGE. The work, which will be done at the IMPERIAL STUDIO, is guaranteed to be first-class in every respect. Don't delay cutting out these coupons, as this offer is good for one month only.

AUCTION SALES.

H. CUTHBERT & CO. Auctioneers, are instructed to sell by auction on **Tuesday, November 20th**, at 11 a.m., on the premises, Richardson street, between Vancouver and Cook, the **superb contents of "Swallowfield,"** comprising the appointments of dining-room, drawing-room, hall, landing, nursery, several bedrooms, outhouses, etc. It is impossible to give a description of these furnishings in the limits of a newspaper advertisement, but some of the most important items are as follows:

Costly Dining-room Suite (8 pieces) in heavy solid oak, elaborately carved and upholstered in real morocco. This is superior to any dining room suite ever sold in the province. Very massive solid oak dining table (seat 20 persons), superb solid carved oak sideboard, very handsome royal Vienna dinner service (Doulton) cost $250, banquet lamps in brass and nickel, hanging ditto, cutlery, electro-plated ware, rugs, curtains, etc.

The Elegant Drawing-room Furniture, including stuff-over ladies' and gent's chairs, occasional tables and chairs, gilt chairs and stools, engraving, bric-a-brac, oxydized piano lamp with onyx slab, oak and other chairs and tables, **a $1,000 Chickering Piano** (grand cabinet);

Contents of Several Bedrooms, including iron and brass bedsteads, oak bed set, oak bureaus and washstands, children's bedstead, blankets and pillows, hair and fine spring mattresses, several brass fenders, easy chairs, bead screens, fine full-sized zinc bath with iron frame, Japanese screen, very fine Domestic sewing machine, lounge in chenille, lace bed and pillow covers, handsome toilet services etc.

All the Valuable Carpets consist of Wilton pile and the finest Brussels, made up in squares, and will fit almost any room.

The Kitchen Range is of steel, and made by Gurney & Co.

The outside effects include hose, garden tools, **Cow in milk**, very fine phaeton, croquet set, lawn mower, etc.

On view Monday from 2 to 4, to holders of catalogues only, which may be had from the auctioneer; price 10c. each. After 5 o'clock on Monday catalogues will be free. Terms cash.

HERBERT CUTHBERT & CO.,
Leading Auctioneers.
no15

CASH

Advanced on Furniture And all kinds Personal Property Consign'd for Absolute Sale.

FURNISHED HOUSES

Bought out for cash up to any amount.

If you wish to Realize on Anything Quickly, call or write.

All business strictly private and confidential.

HERBERT CUTHBERT & CO.

LEADING AUCTIONEERS,

Offices 34 and 36 Broad St. and 17 Trounce Ave.

IMPORTANT SALE

ELECTRIC TRAMWAY.

Notice is hereby given in pursuance of a certain indenture dated 25th October, 1892, made between the Westminster & Vancouver Tramway Company and the Montreal Safe Deposit Company as Trustees, that tenders will be received by the undersigned at his office, in the City of New Westminster British Columbia, up to noon of the 24th day of November, 1894, for the purchase of the said Tramway and all the property of the said Tramway Company comprised in said indenture.

The Westminster & Vancouver Tramway Company's lines of tramway extend throughout the city of New Westminster, in the Province of British Columbia, and between that city and the City of Vancouver.

Conditions of sale and full particulars as to the property may be obtained at the office of the Montreal Safe Deposit Company, or from Messrs. Corbould & McColl, Solicitors, New Westminster, B.C.

GORDON E. CORBOULD,
Solicitor for the Montreal Safe Deposit Company

New Westminster,
10th August, 1894. au11-92b

TO THE PUBLIC.

Having purchased from Mr. S. F. McIntosh his coal and wood business, I am prepared to deliver to any part of the city

No. 1 Dry Cordwood at $3.50 per cord.
Best Wellington Coal at $7 per ton.

Terms, Spot Cash. Prompt and careful delivery. Full weight and measure guaranteed.

The above will be carried on in connection with my present business at the Rock Bay Lumber Yard, which will be known in future at the Rock Bay Coal, Wood and Lumber Yard.

Soliciting a share of your esteemed patronage, I remain, yours faithfully.

EWEN MORRISON,
Office and yard, end Rock Bay bridge, Mills, Sidney, B.C.
Telephone, 502. no6-1m

NEW GOODS

We have now received a complete line of Fashionable Fall and Winter Goods. "CASH" being our motto we ask a comparison of prices with "THE-OLD-LINE" credit system. . . .

CAMPBELL & CO.,

THE TAILORS

No. 88 GOVERNMENT STREET.

CONSIGNEES' NOTICE

BARQUE LADSTOCK

From Liverpool,

—CAPT. J. R. CARNON.—

This vessel will discharge cargo at our Outer Wharf, on Monday, Nov. 12, and following days.

Consignees are requested to present bills of lading at the office of the undersigned, pay freight and receive orders for their goods.

All goods remaining on the Wharf after 5 o'clock each day and while on the Wharf, will be at the risk of the Consignees thereof respectively, and may be stored at their expense.

R. P. RITHET & CO., Ltd.,
Agents.
no13

NOT RESPONSIBLE.

BR. BARQUE LADSTOCK,
Capt. J. R. Carnon from Liverpool.

Neither the Captain nor the undersigned will be responsible for any debts contracted by the crew of the above vessel without their written order. R. P. RITHET & CO., Ltd.,
Agents.
no13

DENTISTS' NOTICE.

We, the undersigned Dentists of Victoria, agree to close our respective offices during Saturday afternoons after 1 o'clock throughout the year: A. C. West, A. E. Verrinder, W. J. Quinlan, T. J. Jones, Findley & Baker, S. G. Clemence, Lewis Hall, A. Humber, G. M. Hartman, H. P. Moody. no4-1m